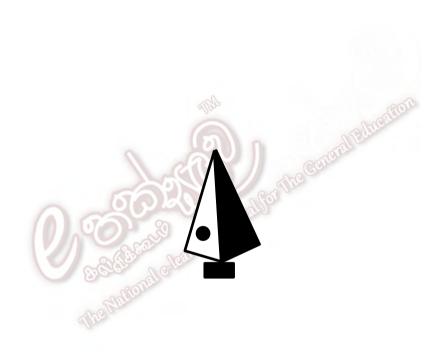
# G.C.E. (A/L) ICT 2016 Batch June Examination



## Field Work Center (FWC) Marking Scheme

### <u>Part - I</u>

| (1)        | 2 | (11) | 2 | (21) | 4 | (31) | 4 | (41) | 4 |
|------------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|
| (2)        | 3 | (12) | 2 | (22) | 2 | (32) | 1 | (42) | 1 |
| (3)        | 3 | (13) | 1 | (23) | 1 | (33) | 2 | (43) | 4 |
| (4)        | 3 | (14) | 2 | (24) | 3 | (34) | 3 | (44) | 4 |
| (5)        | 5 | (15) | 4 | (25) | 5 | (35) | 1 | (45) | 2 |
| <b>(6)</b> | 3 | (16) | 3 | (26) | 2 | (36) | 2 | (46) | 1 |
| (7)        | 2 | (17) | 4 | (27) | 3 | (37) | 4 | (47) | 5 |
| (8)        | 1 | (18) | 2 | (28) | 4 | (38) | 3 | (48) | 5 |
| (9)        | 1 | (19) | 2 | (29) | 3 | (39) | 4 | (49) | 5 |
| (10)       | 2 | (20) | 3 | (30) | 4 | (40) | 5 | (50) | 5 |

### Part - II A Structured Essay - All questions

## Note:- \* Amendments to be included.

| Question<br>No. | Suggested Answers   | Marks      |
|-----------------|---|------------|
| (1)(a)(i)       | (D) I alkalis   | 1 +1 marks |
|                 | A – Protocol <b>OR</b> Hypertext transfer protocol secured          |            |
|                 | B – Domain name   |            |
| (1) ( ) (1)     |   |            |
| (1)(a)(ii)      | lk OR .lk   | 1 marks    |
| (1)(a)(iii)     | Watto   | 2 marks    |
|                 | DNS translates / maps IP address into domain name or vice versa.    |            |
|                 |   |            |
| (1) (b)         |   | 2 marks    |
|                 | $13_{10} = 00001101_2$  |            |
|                 | $-9_{10} = 11110111_2 +$  |            |
|                 | $\_\_00000100_2$  |            |
|                 | (discard carry bit 1)   |            |
| (1)(c)(i)       |   | 1 marks    |
|                 | Number of physical pages = Size of physical memory / size of a page |            |
|                 | = 1  GB / 1 KB  |            |
|                 | $= 2^{30}$ bytes / $2^{10}$ bytes                                   |            |
|                 | $=2^{20}$ pages   |            |
|                 |   |            |

| (1)(c)(ii)         |  | 1 marks         |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|
|                    | Size of Virtual address = 32 bits  |                 |
|                    | Virtual address space = $2^{32}$ bytes   |                 |
| (1)(c)(iii)        |  | 1 marks         |
| (1)(0)(,           | Number of virtual pages = Size of virtual address space / Size of a page   | 1 IIIGIKS       |
|                    | Number of virtual pages = Size of virtual address space / Size of a page $= 2^{32} \text{ bytes } / 2^{10} \text{ bytes}$                                    |                 |
|                    | $= 2^{32} \text{ bytes } / 2^{10} \text{ bytes}$ $= 2^{22} \text{ pages}$  |                 |
|                    | - z pages  | 10              |
| (2) (a)            |  | 3 marks         |
| (=) ()             | 1 - link $2 - stylesheet$ $3 - styles.css$   |                 |
|                    |  |                 |
| (2) (b)(i)         | #header OR id="header"   | 2 marks         |
| (2) (b)(ii)        | .boldRed OR class=''boldRed''  | 2 marks         |
| (2) (c)            |  | 3 marks         |
|                    | Can be used by <u>search engines/programs to categorize</u> /list the page.  |                 |
|                    | OR TIPE  | on              |
|                    | Provides <u>metadata</u> about the document.   |                 |
|                    | OR   |                 |
|                    | Provides a description of the page /site.  |                 |
|                    | Sept Miles   |                 |
| (2) (2)            | 62 500   |                 |
| (3) (a)            | The table violates 2nd Normal Form.  | 2 marks         |
|                    | 6 (S) (S)  |                 |
|                    | because there are $\underline{two\ partial\ dependencies}$ : StudentID $\rightarrow$ StudentName   |                 |
|                    |  |                 |
|                    | and ModuleID → ModuleName  |                 |
|                    | and ModuleID → ModuleName  |                 |
| (3) (b)            | The Ne   | 3 marks         |
| (3) (b)            | Students ( <u>StudentID</u> , StudentName)   | 3 marks         |
| (3) (b)            | The Ne   | 3 marks         |
| (3) (b)<br>(3) (c) | Students ( <u>StudentID</u> , StudentName)  Modules ( <u>ModuleID</u> , ModuleName)  |                 |
|                    | Students (StudentID, StudentName)  Modules (ModuleID, ModuleName)  Results (StudentID, ModuleID, Grade)  Grade  ModuleID                                     | 3 marks 3 marks |
|                    | Students ( <u>StudentID</u> , StudentName)  Modules ( <u>ModuleID</u> , ModuleName)  Results ( <u>StudentID</u> , <u>ModuleID</u> ,Grade)                    |                 |
|                    | Students ( <u>StudentID</u> , StudentName)  Modules ( <u>ModuleID</u> , ModuleName)  Results ( <u>StudentID</u> , <u>ModuleID</u> , Grade)   Grade  ModuleID |                 |
|                    | Students (StudentID, StudentName)  Modules (ModuleID, ModuleName)  Results (StudentID, ModuleID, Grade)  Grade  ModuleID  M  The ModuleID                    |                 |
|                    | Students ( <u>StudentID</u> , StudentName)  Modules ( <u>ModuleID</u> , ModuleName)  Results ( <u>StudentID</u> , <u>ModuleID</u> , Grade)  Grade  ModuleID  |                 |
|                    | Students (StudentID, StudentName)  Modules (ModuleID, ModuleName)  Results (StudentID, ModuleID, Grade)  Grade  ModuleID  M  The ModuleID                    |                 |
| (3) (c)            | Students (StudentID, StudentName)  Modules (ModuleID, ModuleName)  Results (StudentID, ModuleID, Grade)  Grade  ModuleID  M  The ModuleID                    |                 |

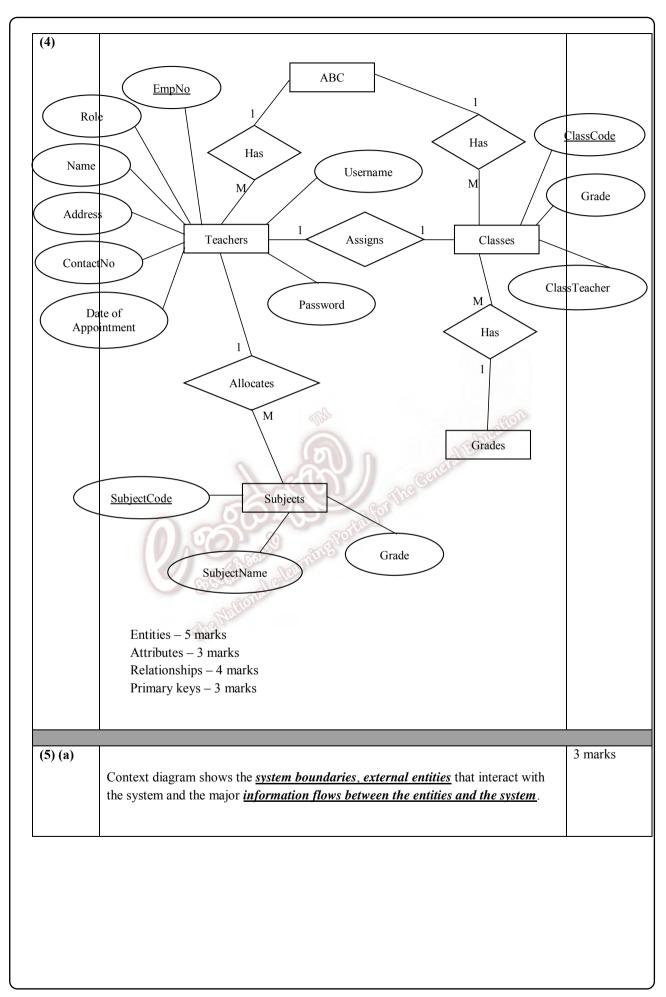
| (3) (d)    | Many-to-many relationship.  One student takes more than one modules while one module is taken by more than one students.  | 2 marks           |
|------------|---|-------------------|
| (4) (a)    | Encryption is a <u>mathematical technique</u> used to <u>scramble / encode</u> a message into an <u>unreadable format</u> to <u>unauthorized person</u> .   | 2 marks           |
| (4)(b)(i)  | B will not be able to decrypt it. A's private key would be needed to decrypt it. Only A could decrypt it.   | 2 marks           |
| (4)(b)(ii) | As A's public key is available to anyone, Anybody could decrypt it.   | 2 marks           |
| (4) (c)    | <ul> <li>System will be storing confidential/personal data (that must be kept securely/safely).</li> <li>Centralized/improved security management /centralized login system/ centralized administration /administration will be easier.</li> <li>Centralized backup.</li> <li>Running database from a server will avoid concurrency issues.</li> <li>Server (operating system) may allow more simultaneous connections than a workstation.</li> </ul> | 2 marks (any two) |
| (4) (d)    | CREATE TABLE Insurance ( PolicyNumber VARCHAR(6), RegistrationNumber VARCHAR(6), DateStarted DATE(10), PolicyType VARCHAR(20), Amount FLOAT(15), PRIMAY KEY(PolicyNumber) )   | 2 marks           |

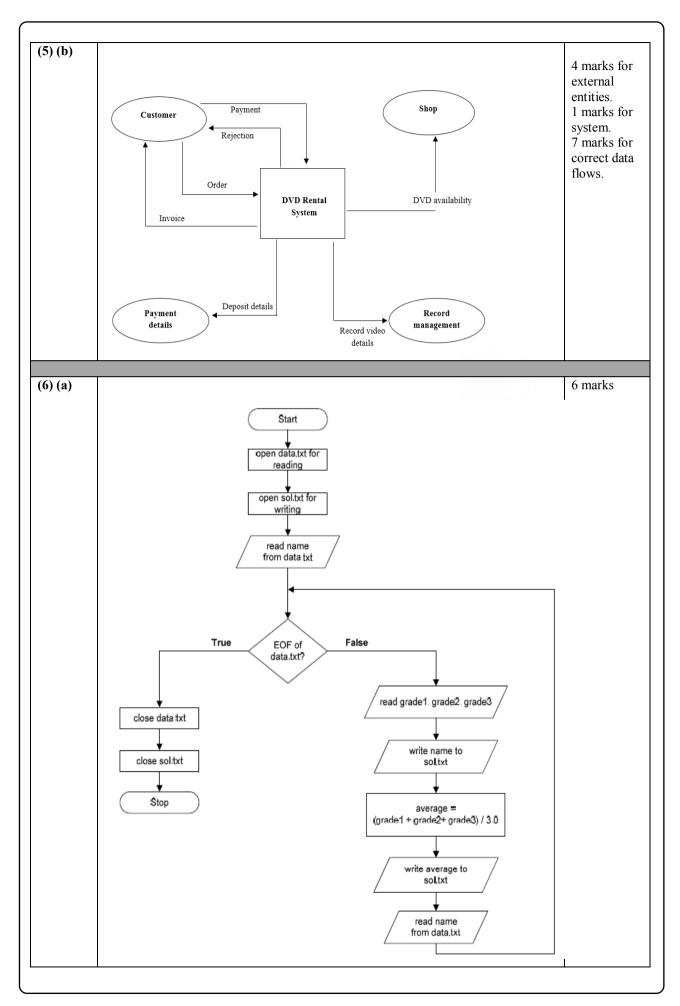
### Part - II B Essay - Four questions only

| Question No. |  | Suggested Answers                                  | Marks   |
|--------------|--|--|---------|
| (1) (a)      | $F = \overline{A} + \overline{(B.A)}$ $F = \overline{A}.\overline{B.A}$ $F = A. (B.A)$ $F = A. B. A$ $F = A. A. B$ $F = A. B.$ | [De Morgan's Law] [Double Complement Law] [A.A =1] | 3 marks |

| (1) (b) (i) | $\overline{U}(L \oplus R)$ Or  | 3 marks      |
|-------------|--|--------------|
|             | $\overline{U}(L\overline{R} + \overline{L}R)$  |              |
| (1)(1)(2)   |  | 4            |
| (1)(b)(ii)  |  | 4 marks      |
|             | $oxed{f U} oxed{f L} oxed{f R} oxed{ar U} oxed{f L} \oplus {f R} oxed{ar U}({f L} \oplus {f R})$   |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
| (1)(b)(iii) | XOR gate   | 2 marks      |
| (1)(b)(iv)  | - Creation   | 3 marks      |
|             | U — Rate   |              |
|             | L — M  |              |
|             | R  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             |  |              |
|             | No. Contraction of the contracti |              |
| (2)(a)      | ii he  | 3 marks      |
|             | More numbers of employees needed.  |              |
|             | <ul><li>Leads to manufacturing delay.</li><li>Unable to pack more milk powder into packets per day.</li></ul>  |              |
| (A) (I)     |  | 2 1          |
| (2)(b)      | Functional requirement of a system is <i>the services provided to the user</i> by the  | 3 marks<br>+ |
|             | system or the <u>services expected</u> by the user.  | 4 marks      |
|             | System shall be able to measure milk powder correctly & quickly.   |              |
|             | System shall be able to pack more milk powder into packets per day.  |              |
| (2)(c)      | Non functional requirement of a greatest in the countries of the second state of the s | 3 marks      |
|             | Non-functional requirement of a system is the <i>constraints / limitations</i> of the system.  |              |
| (2)(d)      | Manufacturing expert system  | 2 marks      |
|             | Or   |              |
|             | Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM)   |              |

|             | TCP A file to be transmitted in its <u>entirety without any errors</u> , therefore the error <u>detection and correction properties</u> of TCP are needed.   | 2 marks [1+1]    |
|-------------|--|------------------|
| (3)(a)(ii)  | UDP When watching a movie, <u>delay is critical</u> and therefore there isn't any time to seek the retransmission of any errors.   | 2 marks<br>[1+1] |
| (3)(a)(iii) | TCP Web pages need to be delivered <u>without error</u> so that all content is properly formatted and presented. Therefore the <u>error detection and correction properties</u> of TCP are needed. | 2 marks<br>[1+1] |
| (3) (b)(i)  | The computer is <i>unable to obtain an IP address</i> from a DHCP server.  | 2 marks          |
| (3) (c)(i)  | Router, Switch/hub, Security appliance/firewall, Servers.  | 2 marks          |
|             | Security appliance Network Switch Servers  |                  |





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(6) (b)
                                                                                                      9 marks
            fin = open('data.txt','r')
            fout = open('sol.txt','w')
            name = fin.readline()
            while (name!= ""):
               grade1 = fin.readline()
               grade2 = fin.readline()
               grade3 = fin.readline()
               fout.write (name)
               s1 = int (grade1)
               s2 = int (grade2)
               s3 = int (grade3)
               average=(s1+s2+s3)/3.0
               fout.write(str(average)+"\n")
               name = fin.readline()
            fin.close()
            fout.close()
```

Note: - Teachers are expected to follow this marking scheme strictly for marking. (In the answers given, Words with **Bold** / **Underlined** must be in the answer scripts of students).

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Part – I 2 x 50 =100 marks

Part – II A 10 x 4 = 40 marks

Part – II B 15 x 4 = 60 marks

200 / 2 = 100 marks
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