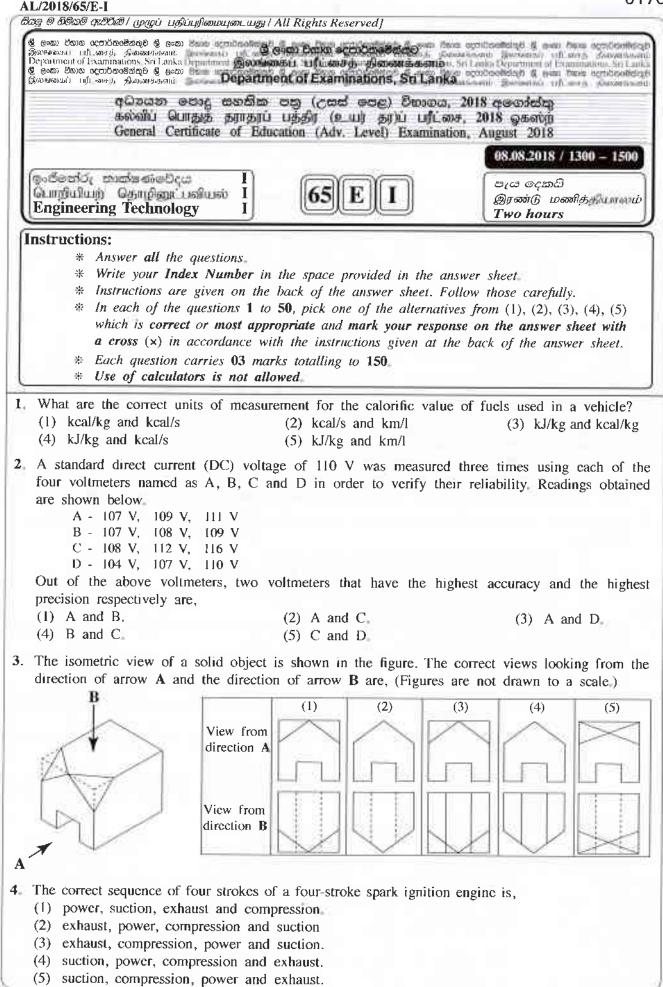
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5. Consider the following facts regarding the electric motor cars.

- A Scarcity of spare parts
- B Practical difficulties of recharging the batteries

C - High cost per unit distance travelled

Out of the above facts, the reason/s for the low popularity of electric motor cars in Sri Lanka is/are,

(1) A only.

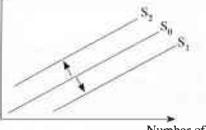
(4) A and C only.

(2) C only.(5) B and C only.

(3) A and B only.

6. The possible behaviours of the supply curve of a product are shown in the figure.

Unit Price 🔺



Number of units

A reason for the shifting of the supply curve from S_0 to S_1 and a reason for the shifting of supply curve from S_0 to S_2 respectively are,

- (1) application of a new technology and receipt of additional money for the suppliers for investing.
- (2) increase in the profit margin and increase in raw material prices.
- (3) increase in the production expenditure and decrease in the price of the product.
- (4) exit of competitors from the market and receiving of production subsidies.
- (5) creation of excess production capacity in the production plant and increasing the profit.
- 7. Consider the following objectives relevant to a study about the current market situation of a business.
 - A Controlling the existing situation in the market
 - B Deciding marketing strategies suitable to the market
 - C Identifying the marketing abilities of the business
 - D Identifying the customers' preferences

Out of above objectives, two major objectives of studying the current market situation in preparing a market plan for the business are,

- (I) A and B only.
- (2) A and C only.

(3) B and C only.

(4) B and D only.

(5) C and D only.

8. Consider the following statements regarding the walls built using solid cement blocks and cellular cement blocks.

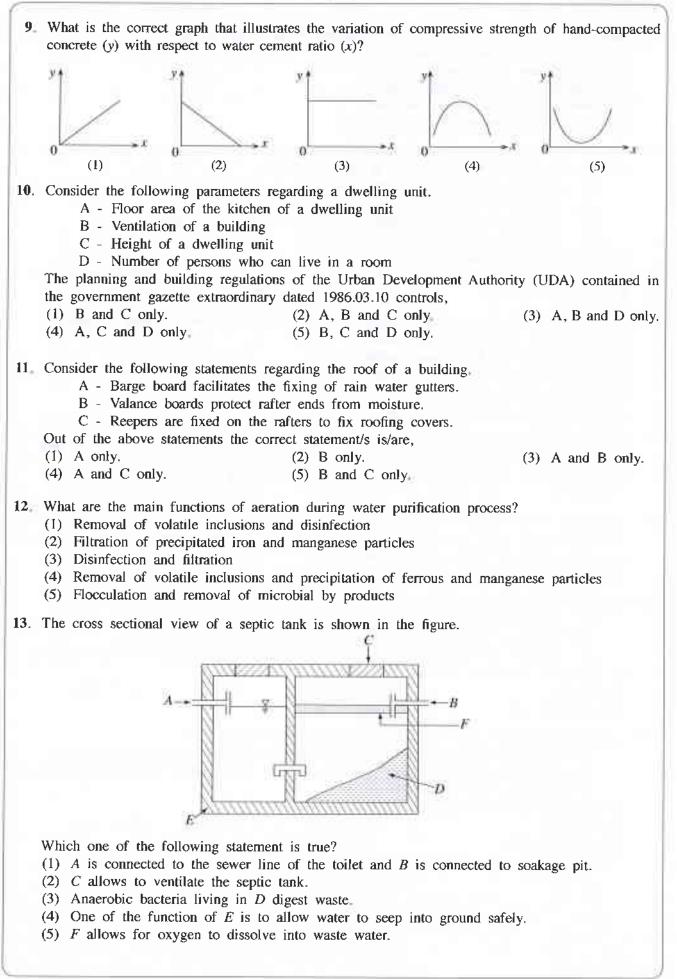
- A Cellular cement block walls are better insulators of sound and heat than solid cement block walls.
- B Cellular cement block walls have lower self-weight than solid cement block walls.
- C When using cellular cement blocks, openings of the cells are kept upwards in building walls.

Which of the above statement/s is/are correct?

- A only.
 B and C only.
- (2) A and B only.(5) All A, B and C.

(3) A and C only

See page three



14.	 Materials recommended for constructing household water supply systems are, (1) UPVC, CPVC, lead and copper (2) Polybutylene, PVC, copper and brass. (3) Asbestos, lead, UPVC and polythene. (4) Cement, UPVC, polythene and Lead. (5) Asbestos, polybutylene, brass and UPVC.
15.	 Consider the following statements regarding the conditions that result from the hot forming of steel for the production of tools such as mammoty blades. A - Hardness caused by strain decreases. B - Ductility of the metal decreases. C - Forming becomes casy because of the decreased yield strength. D - Toughness of metal increases. Of the above, correct statements are, (1) A and B only. (2) A and C only. (3) B and C only. (4) A, C and D only.
16.	 Before using bricks in wall constructions, it is required to soak them in water, in order to (1) remove the impurities in the bricks (2) bond bricks well with cement mortar (3) prevent water absorption from cement mortar by dry bricks. (4) test the porosity of bricks. (5) measure the water absorption rate of bricks.
17.	A simple levelling procedure was conducted to set out a point with a reduced level of 100.30 m. If the staff reading on the Temporary Bench Mark (TBM) of a reduced level of 100.00 m, is 1.80 m, the staff reading on the point to be set out should be (1) 0.30 m. (2) 0.60 m. (3) 1.20 m. (4) 1.50 m. (5) 2.10 m.
18	The length of the longest survey line which was used in a chain surveying procedure was 100 m. The most suitable scale to be used to draw the plan using the measurement of the above survey on a A4 sized paper (210 mm \times 297 mm) is, (1) I : 100 (2) I : 250 (3) I : 500 (4) I : 1000 (5) I : 2000
19,	 Consider the following statements regarding the errors that occur during land surveys. A - Control points are used to stop the accumulation of errors. B - Errors can be minimized by using a large number of survey stations. C - Oblique offset lines are used to determine the errors that occur in chain surveying. Of the above, the correct statement/s is/arc, (1) A only. (2) B only. (3) C only. (4) A and B only. (5) A and C only.
20.	 Consider the following statements regarding theodolite traverses. A - Temporary adjustments of a theodolite are done at the first survey station only. B - Parallel north lines at every survey station can be set out by transiting the telescope. C - Traverses should always be closed. Of the above, the correct statements is/are, (1) A only. (2) B only. (3) C only. (4) A and B only. (5) B and C only.

1.	
21.	Some statements regarding entering of dimensions to the dimension paper (TDS sheet) are given below
	A - Dimensions are entered in metres and millimetres in the order of length \times width \times height.
	 B - When the same dimension occurs repetitively, the number of repetitions should be stated in the timesing (T) column. C - When measuring a volume, three dimensions are stated in the dimension column.
	Which of the above statements is/are correct?(1) A only.(2) B only.(3) A and B only.(4) B and C only.(5) All A, B and C only.(3) A and B only.
22.	 What are cost items that should be included in calculating the net unit rate for concreting of a slab located in the second floor level of a building? (1) Wage of supervisor, cost for concrete and rent for scaffoldings (2) Cost for concrete, rent for concrete machinery and masons' wages (3) Water cost, masons' wages and cost for concrete (4) Site engineers' wages, masons' wages and cost for concrete (5) Rent for concrete mixer, water cost, and rent for scaffoldings
23	 Several reasons for the use of standards for products are given below. A - Assuring the quality of a product B - Precisely communicating the specifications of a product C - Reducing the cost of production process Of the above A, B and C, the correct reason/s is/are, (1) A only. (2) A and B only. (3) A and C only. (4) B and C only. (5) All A, B, and C.
24	 Several properties of materials are given below. A - Ductility B - Malleability C - Toughness D - Brittleness Two properties that should be possessed by raw materials used to produce a crane cable are, (1) A and B. (2) A and C. (3) B and C. (4) B and D. (5) C and D.
25.	The most suitable welding method for producing galvanized square wire mesh is,(1) electric-arc welding.(2) oxy-acetylene welding.(3) arc-spot welding.(4) TIG welding.(5) MIG welding.
26.	 Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding diesel engines? (1) The thermal efficiency of a diesel engine is greater than the thermal efficiency of a petrol engine at the same compression ratio. (2) The compression ratios of diesel engines are generally greater than the compression ratios of petrol engines. (3) In general, the diesel engines are heavier than petrol engines.
	(4) Diesel engine, always, has a four-stroke operating cycle.(5) The energy content of diesel per unit mass is less than that of petrol.

27. The valve timing diagram of a certain four-stroke spark ignition is shown in the figure. What is the time duration (in degrees) of inlet valve opening accordingly the diagram? TDC IVO EVC 22 h TDC - Top Dead Centre BDC - Bottom Dead Centre 19.9 IVO - Inlet Valve Opening EVO - Exhaust Valve Opening IVC - Inlet Valve Closing EVC - Exhaust Valve Closing EVO IVC 500 BDC (1) 262.2 (2) 200.4 (3) 164.4 (4) 59.9 (5) 22.3 28. The compression ratio of a normal diesel engine is, (1) between 5:1 and 10:1 (2) between 8:1 and 12:1 (3) between 10:1 and 15:1 (4) between 12:1 and 18:1 (5) between 15:1 and 25:1 29 Turbo charger and super charger. (1) increase engine speed. (2) charge the battery. (3) improve lubrication (4) increase fuel flow rate, (5) admit an increased amount of air to the engine. 30. Which statement is incorrect regarding engine valves of a motor car? (1) The diameters of the head of the intake values are larger than those of exhaust values. (2) There are at least 2-valves for an engine cylinder. (3) Always there is an even number of valves for a cylinder of an engine. (4) The body diameters of exhaust valves are larger than those of the intake valves. (5) The exhaust valve has a higher temperature than that of the intake valve. 31. The ratio (x : y) between rotational speed (x) of camshaft and the rotational speed (y) of crankshaft of a four-stroke engine is, (1) 1:4 (2) 1:2 (3) 1:1 (4) 2:1 (5) 4:1 32. The crankshaft of 4-stroke engine rotates at 1500 times per minute. In this engine, how many power strokes occur per minute? (1) 375 (2) 750 (3) 1000 (4) 1500 (5) 3000 33. The most common type of compressor that is used in a domestic refrigerator is, (1) vane type open compressor. (2) screw type semi-hermetic compressor (3) piston type hermetic compressor. (4) piston type semi-hermetic compressor (5) piston type open compressor. 34. When air passes through the venturi of a carburettor, (1) speed of air increases and pressure decreases. (2) speed of air increases and pressure increases (3) speed of air decreases and pressure decreases. (4) speed of air decreases and pressure increases. (5) speed and pressure remain constant.

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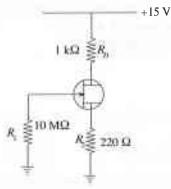
35	In the gear system shown in the figure, there are 45 teeth on gear A,
	10 teeth on gear B and 15 teeth on gear C. If the rotational speed of gear A is 450 rpm, what is the rotational speed of gear C?(1^{450} rpm(1) 100 rpm(2) 150 rpm(3) 900 rpm
	(4) 1350 rpm (5) 2025 rpm (5) 2025 rpm
36.	For a diesel engine the swept volume and clearance volume are 1125 cm^3 and 75 cm ³ respectively. The compression ratio of the engine is, (1) 14:1 (2) 15:1 (3) 16:1 (4) 17:1 (5) 18:1
37.	When the 3-phase load shown in the figure is connected to a 400 V, 50 Hz, 3-phase supply, the phase voltage and line current of the load respectively are, (1) 220 V = 1.12×10^{-10} (2) 120 V = 1.12×10^{-10}
	(1) 230 V and 4.3 A (3) 230 V and 5 A (5) 200 V and 5 A (2) 400 V and 46 A (4) 400 V and 5 A (4) 400 V and 5 A
38	What is the reactance of a 100 μ F capacitor which is connected across an alternative current supply of 50 Hz?
	(1) $\frac{2200}{7} \Omega$ (2) $\frac{22}{700} \Omega$ (3) $\frac{700}{22} \Omega$ (4) $\frac{7}{2200} \Omega$ (5) zero
39,	What is mandatory to be there according to the regulations of the Institution of Electric Engineers(IEF), for the protection from leakage of an electric current?(1) Fuse(2) Miniature Circuit Breaker (MCB)(3) Residual Current Circuit Breaker (RCCB)(4) Isolator(5) Main switch
40.	 Synchronous motors are used, (1) when the starting current needs to be reduced. (2) when a high starting speed is required. (3) when the speed needs to be increased gradually. (4) when the speed needs to be maintained constant. (5) when the speed needs to be changed frequently.
41.	Which graph contains the curves correctly indicating how the speed (N) and the torque (T) vary with respect to armature current (I_a) in a series wound motor?
	$ \begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ \hline \\ & & \\ \hline \\ \hline$
42.	 A rule related to the conversion of electrical energy to mechanical energy of an electric motor is, (1) Maxwell's cork-screw rule (2) Fleming's left hand rule (3) Fleming's right hand rule (4) Faraday's law. (5) Lenz's law.
43.	 In relation to Field Effect Transistor (FET), which of the following statements is true? (1) Gate to Source PN junction is always reverse biased. (2) Gate to Source PN junction is always forward biased. (3) Gate and Source are connected together. (4) Drain is connected to ground.

(5) Gate is connected with the drain.

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44. If the drain current in the given circuit is increased, which of the following statements is true?

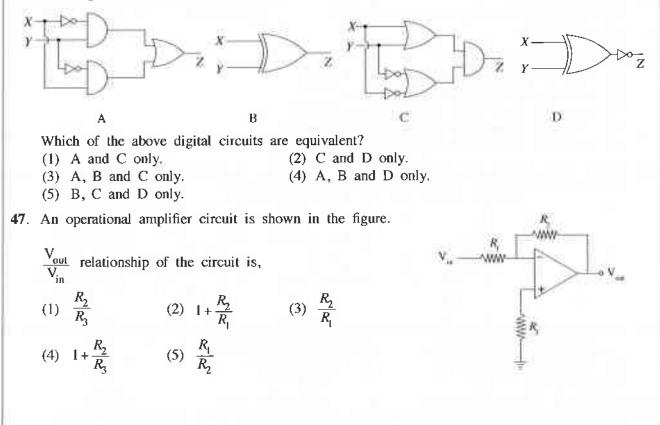


- (1) Drain to Source voltage (V_{DS}) increases and Gate to Source voltage (V_{GS}) decreases.
- (2) Both Drain to Source voltage (V_{DS}) and Gate to Source voltage (V_{GS}) will increase.
- (3) Both Drain to Source voltage (V_{DS}) and Gate to Source voltage (V_{GS}) will decrease. (4) Drain to Source voltage (V_{DS}) decreases and Gate to Source voltage (V_{GS}) increases. (5) Both Drain to Source voltage (V_{DS}) and Gate to Source voltage (V_{GS}) will not change.

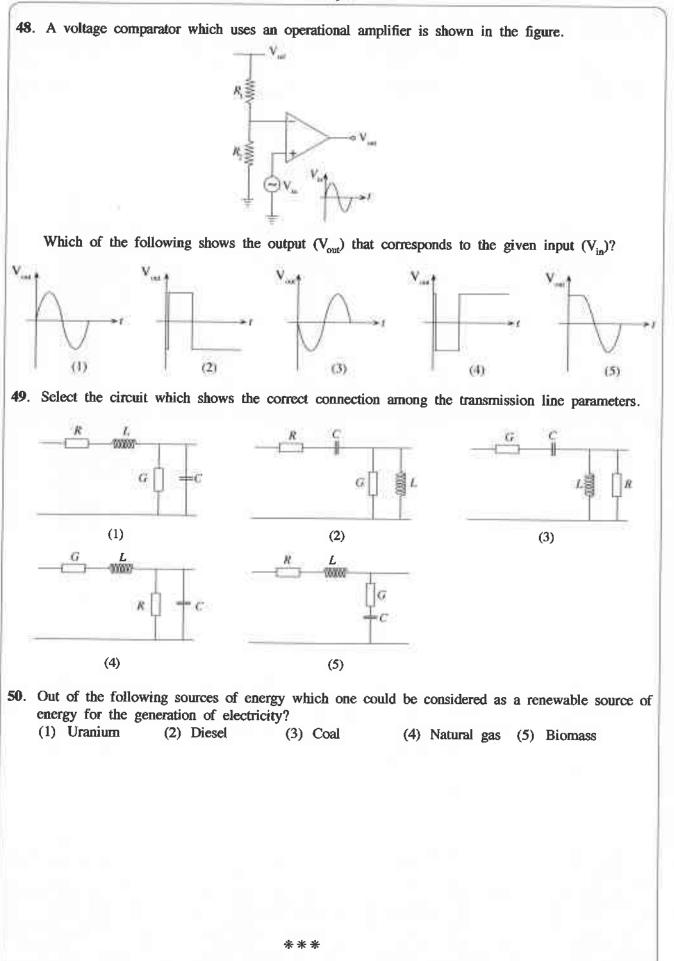
45. In relation to forward biased diode, which of the following statements is true?

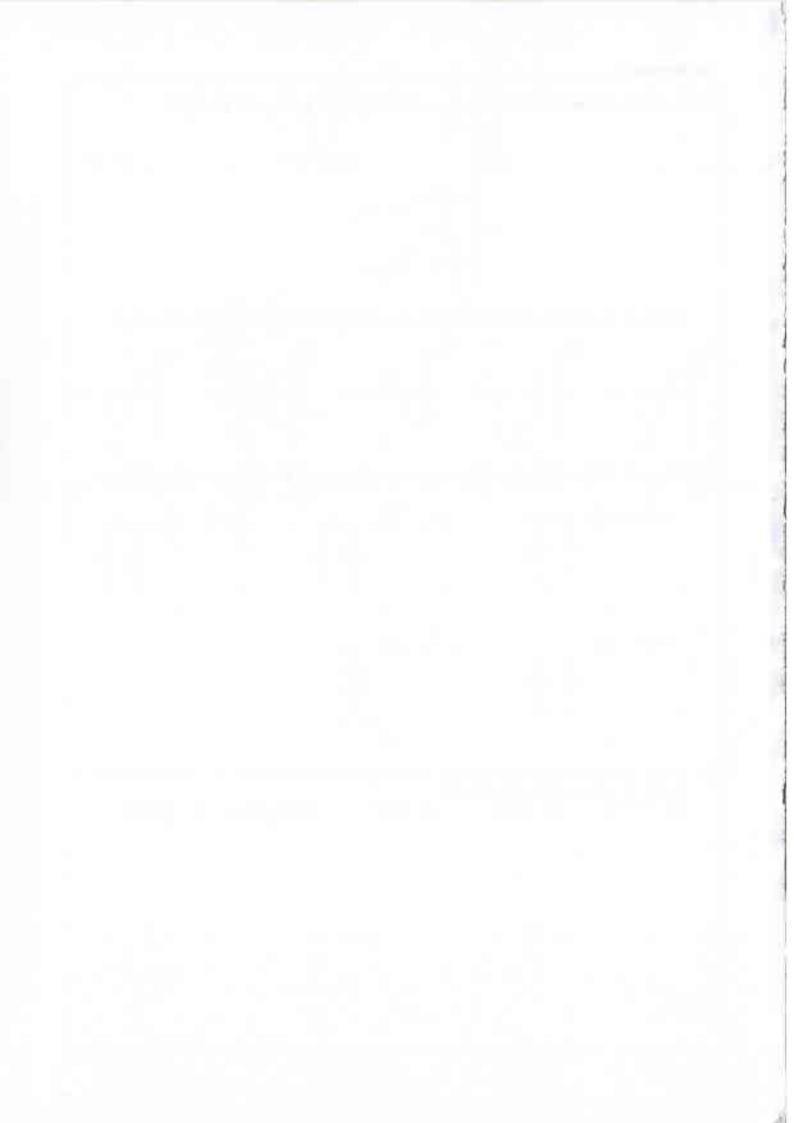
- (1) The only current is due to electrons.
- (2) The only current is due to holes.
- (3) The only current is produced by majority carriers.
- (4) The current is produced by both holes and electrons,
- (5) The current has no effect due to minority carriers.

46. Four digital circuits are shown below.

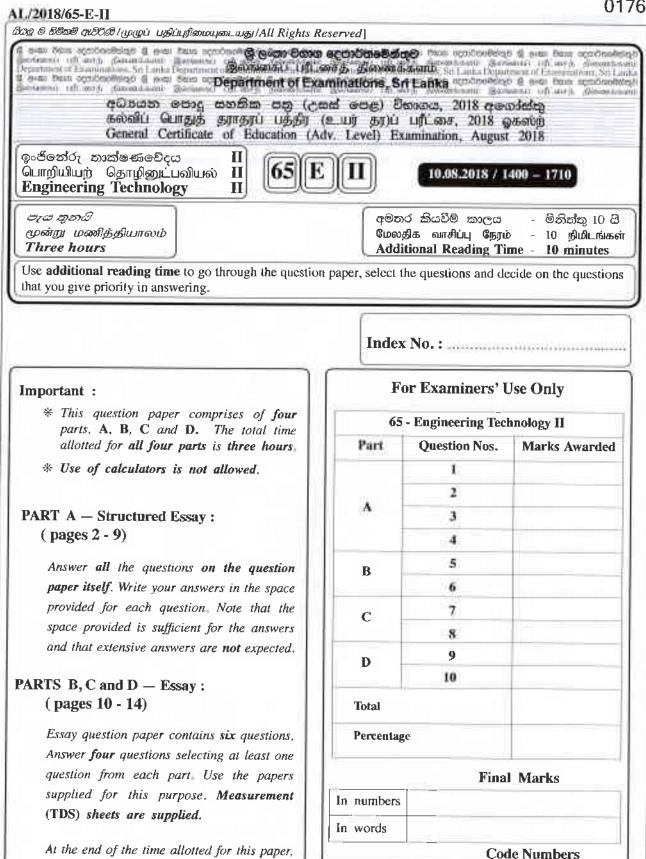


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Marking Examiner 1

Marking Examiner 2

Marks checked by

Supervised by

tie the four parts A, B, C and D together

as a single answer script so that Part A is

on top and hand it over to the supervisor.

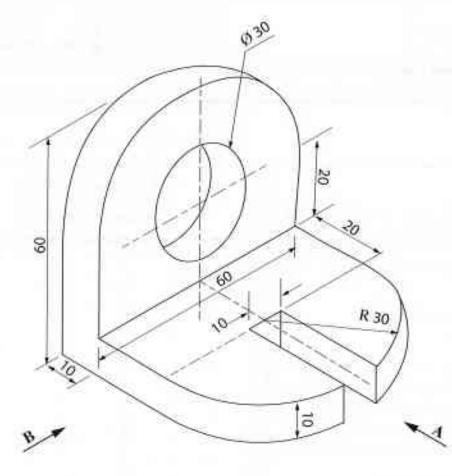
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- 2 -

PART A – Structured Essay Answer all four questions on this question paper itself. (Marks allocated for each question is 60.)

1. The isometric view of a symmetrical machine part made out of mild steel is shown in the figure. According to the first angle projection using a scale of 1:1, draw in the grid supplied in this in the next page, the front view looking in the direction of arrow **A**, side view looking in the direction of arrow **B** and the plan. All dimensions are in millimetres. (The figure has not been drawn to scale.)



For use by the examiners	Marks
Correct first angle projection	
Dimensioning according to the standard	
Drawing centre lines	
Front view	
Side view	
Plan	
Layout	

[see page three

(60 marks)

Q. 1

60

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ATERIAL:	DATE	NAME				
ILD STEEL DRAWN BY:	10.08.2018	KUMARI	K & G MAC	CHINE SHOP		
CHECKED BY:	12.08.2018	GANESHAN				
SCALE: 1:1	MILD STEE	L BRACKET		DRWG NO. ET/65/04		

[[]see page four

 to the slope of the land. (1)	 (1)
 (2)	 (2)
 (2)	 (2)
 (ii) If this survey is to be carried out using only one survey station, state two factors to be considered in selecting a suitable place for the survey station. (1)	(ii) If this survey is to be carried out using only one survey station, state two factors to be considered in selecting a suitable place for the survey station.
 (1)	
 (2)	(1)
 (b) (i) State two actions to be taken to prevent flowing of rain water to the workshop due to the slope of the land. (1)	
 to the slope of the land. (1)	
 (2)	
 (ii) State an action to be taken when designing the floor of this workshop to be strong enough to withstand the weight of heavy machinery installed. (04 marks) (c) (i) Name three main plant and machinery which should essentially be there in such a multi-purpose mechanical workshop. (1)	(1)
 (ii) State an action to be taken when designing the floor of this workshop to be strong enough to withstand the weight of heavy machinery installed. (04 marks) (c) (i) Name three main plant and machinery which should essentially be there in such a multi-purpose mechanical workshop. (1)	(2)
 enough to withstand the weight of heavy machinery installed. (04 marks) (c) (i) Name three main plant and machinery which should essentially be there in such a multi-purpose mechanical workshop. (1)	
 (c) (i) Name three main plant and machinery which should essentially be there in such a multi-purpose mechanical workshop. (1)	enough to withstand the weight of heavy machinery installed.
 (c) (i) Name three main plant and machinery which should essentially be there in such a multi-purpose mechanical workshop. (1)	
 (2) (3) (02 × 3 = 06 marks) (ii) Name four personal protective equipment which should be used for the safety of the technical workers in the mechanical workshop. (1)	(c) (i) Name three main plant and machinery which should essentially be there in such a
 (3)	(1)
 (ii) Name four personal protective equipment which should be used for the safety of the technical workers in the mechanical workshop. (1)	(2)
 the technical workers in the mechanical workshop. (1)	(3) $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$
 (2)	
 (3)	(1)
 (4) (02 × 4 = 08 marks) (iii) It is expected to use a 30 m deep well for obtaining water for the mechanical workshop. I. Name the type of pump which should be used for pumping water and state one reason for selecting it. Type of pump:	(2)
 (4) (02 × 4 = 08 marks) (iii) It is expected to use a 30 m deep well for obtaining water for the mechanical workshop. I. Name the type of pump which should be used for pumping water and state one reason for selecting it. Type of pump:	(3)
 (iii) It is expected to use a 30 m deep well for obtaining water for the mechanical workshop. I. Name the type of pump which should be used for pumping water and state one reason for selecting it. Type of pump: 	(4)
 I. Name the type of pump which should be used for pumping water and state one reason for selecting it. Type of pump:	
	I. Name the type of pump which should be used for pumping water and state one
	Type of pump:
$(02 \times 2 = 04 \ marks)$	
 II. State two actions that can be taken in designing water pipe system for minimizing pressure drop in pumping water. (1) 	pressure drop in pumping water.

Do not	5-E-II - 5 -		
LUCHLOW!	Name a type of three-phase induction motor that has a rotor which does not use windings and draw a labelled sketch of the construction of the rotor.		(<i>d</i>)
	Type of motor:		
	(05 marks)		
	The rated power of a certain machine is 1500 W. It is used for 2 hours daily. By considering the electrical tariff as Rs. 25 per unit (kWh) of electricity, calculate the electricity bill for a month of 30 days.		
	(05 marks)		
	It is required to frequently switch on and off a switch of 230 V, 5 A in the washing	(iii)	
	area of the workshop. In order to prevent electrical hazards that may be caused when operating this switch by hand, it is proposed to use the electronic switch shown in the figure which is operated at a low voltage with a relay. Show in a circuit diagram how this circuit can be used to operate 230 V, 5 A accessory.		
	$R_1 \neq \frac{1}{2} \neq \frac{1}{2}$		
Q 2	$R_1 \ge R_3$		
60	(08 marks)		
	State three factors that influenced the trend to use computer controlled machines such as Computer Numerically Controlled (CNC) machines instead of conventional machines in the production processes.	5	a)
	(1)		
	(2)		
	(3)		
	$(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ State three causative factors that led to the wide use of cement block stones instead		
	of bricks in the construction industry.		
	0	1	
	(1)		
		- 29	

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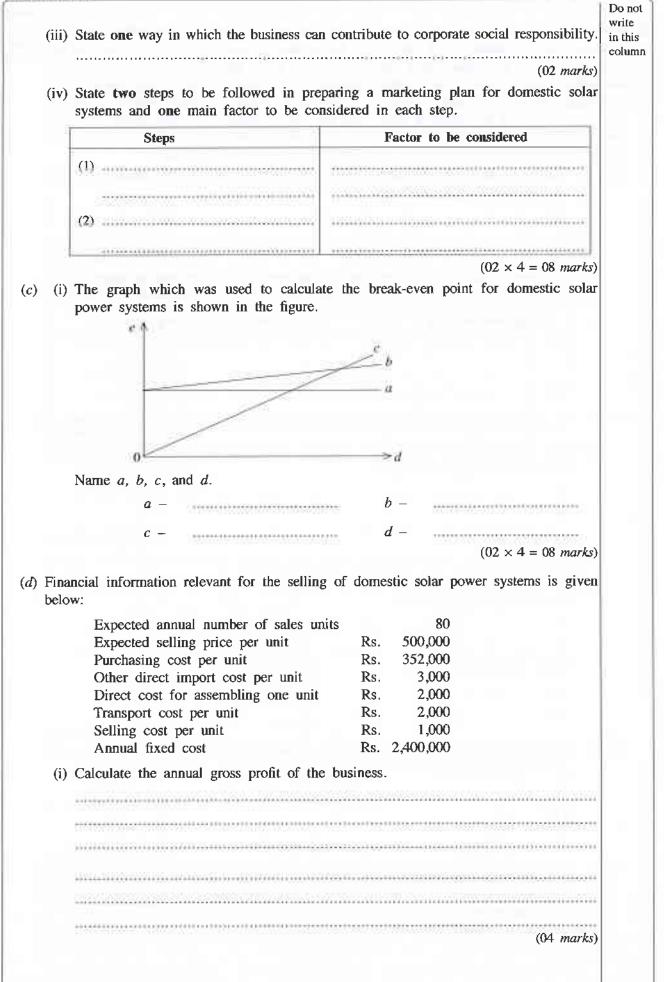
	5-E-II - 6 -						
(iii)	for electric power generation in Sri Lan	ale use of thermal energy as a percentage aka.					
	• /						
(b) (i)	(3)						
	Accident	Precaution					
	(1)						
	(2)						
	(3)						
		$(02 \times 6 = 12 \ marks)$					
(ii)	environment.	r discharging waste chemicals safely to the					
	(3)	$(02 \times 3 = 06 \ marks)$					
) Name three institutions that implement	t standards and recommendations for the					
(c) (i)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2)						
	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites.					
	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$					
	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business.					
	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business.					
	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business.					
(ii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$					
(ii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$					
(ii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument.					
(ii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2) (3) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument.					
(ii) (iii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (4)	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument. $(01 \times 4 = 04 \text{ marks})$					
(ii) (iii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (3) (1) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (5) When measuring a length at a temper which has been calibrated at 20 °C, a p	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument.					
(ii) (iii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) When measuring a length at a temper which has been calibrated at 20 °C, a p to measure at a temperature of 35 °C at Calculate the correct measurement.	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument. $(01 \times 4 = 04 \text{ marks})$ rature of 30 °C using a steel instrument ercentage error of 2% occurs. It was used nd the measurement observed was 75 mm.					
(ii) (iii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) When measuring a length at a temper which has been calibrated at 20 °C, a p to measure at a temperature of 35 °C at Calculate the correct measurement.	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument. $(01 \times 4 = 04 \text{ marks})$ rature of 30 °C using a steel instrument ercentage error of 2% occurs. It was used nd the measurement observed was 75 mm.					
(ii) (iii)	prevention of hazards and accidents that (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (5) When measuring a length at a temper which has been calibrated at 20 °C, a p to measure at a temperature of 35 °C at Calculate the correct measurement.	take place in work sites. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ pecifications for a business. $(02 \times 3 = 06 \text{ marks})$ d when selecting a measuring instrument. $(01 \times 4 = 04 \text{ marks})$ rature of 30 °C using a steel instrument ercentage error of 2% occurs. It was used nd the measurement observed was 75 mm.					

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ew er anspo nat a l	mployee ortation. large su	s with the technica Though the busines m of money has to	solar power systems is limited, it has been proposed to recruit al knowledge and also to purchase several small lorries for ss presently is in a financially viable position, it is estimated be invested for the new business division. from the above passage in order to consider Messrs. Subodha
		Sivanesan as entrep	
	(1)		
	(2)		$(02 \times 2 = 04 \text{ marks})$
(ii	i) State	two management fu	(02 + 2 = 0 + hat are) inctions that are important in order to manage the starting stage
Ì			sion and state one reason for the importance of each function.
	Ma	nagement function	Reason for the importance
	(1)		
	(2)		
		1199860110000000001001000	
			$(01 \times 4 = 04 \text{ marks})$ reparing a plan for additional financial provisions required
			$(02 \times 2 = 04 \text{ marks})$
(iv			passage, state two factors each for micro and macro
(iv)	enviro	nments relevant to	domestic solar power systems.
(iv	enviro Macro	nments relevant to environmental fac	o domestic solar power systems. ctors
(iv)	enviro Macro (1)	nments relevant to environmental fac	o domestic solar power systems. ctors
(iv)	enviro Macro (1) (2)	nments relevant to environmental fac	o domestic solar power systems. ctors
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(iv	enviro Macro (1) (2) Micro	nments relevant to environmental fac environmental fac	o domestic solar power systems. ctors
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[see page eight



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(ii)	Calculate showing steps, the contribution to be earned from one unit of solar power system in order to obtain break-even point at 50 units.	Do no write in this colum

	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	(04 marks) Messrs. Subhoda and Sivanesan expect to recruit Mr. Mohamed as a new partner, change existing administrative rules of the business and register the business under a new name. State two legislations that are relevant to the above situation.	
	(1) For the changing of administrative rules of the business :	
	(2) For the registration of a name :	Q. 4
	$(02 \times 2 = 04 \ marks)$	60
	* *	



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Question No. : 10 (a)

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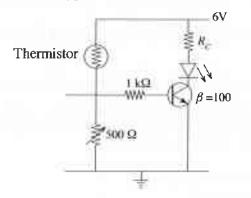
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	ඉංජිනේරු තාක්ෂණවේදය II பொறியியற் தொழினுட்பவியல் II Engineering Technology II)
Instruct	tions:	
	Answer four questions only selecting at least one question each from parts B , C and Marks allocated for each question is 90 .	d D
	Part B - Essay (Electrical and Electronic Technology)	
(a) (i	 Explain by using a sketch of its internal circuit, how a residual current circ automatically operates to protect a person from damage due to a leakage curr 	
(ii) State the importance of the earth conductor of a domestic electrical circuit.	(05 mark
(iii	i) Write down three factors which influence the nature and extent of damage can electrical shock to a person.	used by a (15 mark
(b) (i) Write three advantages of using 'Star-Delta Starters' for electrical motors used i	n factorie (15 mark
(ii) Sketch the way in which the windings are connected in compound wound mo	otors. (10 mark
(c) (i) State four advantages of transmitting electricity at high voltage.	(20 mark
(ii) Calculate the number of turns required in the secondary winding of a step down for obtaining an output of 220 V when its primary winding has 2000 turns and connected to a 11,000 V, 50 Hz supply voltage.	
(a) A	power supply circuit is shown in the figure.	
(4) 11	turns ratio -2 :1	
	$V_p = 300 \text{ V}$	
(i)) Draw the voltage waveform across R_L .	(05 mark.
) Draw the voltage waveform across R_L .	(05 mark. (05 mark.

(iv) You have been provided several diodes having different Peak Inverse Voltage (PIV) as in the table below. Select and write all diodes that can be used in the above circuit.

(05 marks)

Diode	PIV
D _A	50 V
D_B	100 V
D _C	140 V
D _D	200 V
D_E	250 V
D_F	300 V

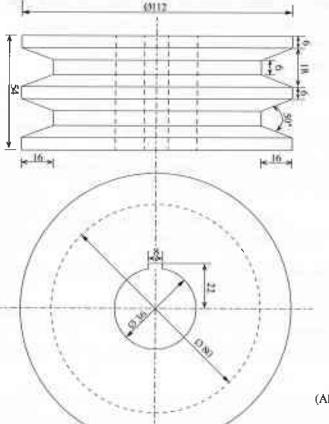
- (b) (i) Explain using a diagram, how to identify a transistor as either PNP or NPN using a multi-meter if collector, base and emitter terminals were identified. (06 marks)
 - (ii) Mark the operating regions of a transistor on I_C vs I_B curve. (04 marks)
 - (iii) Write a mathematical expression for the relationship between I_B and I_C for each operational region. (06 marks)
 - (iv) Compare the heat dissipation in each operating region of a transistor. (04 marks)
- (c) A heat sensitive switch for a fire alarm is shown in the figure. A thermistor which is a heat sensitive resistor, has been used in it and its resistance decreases when the temperature increases. The transistor used is silicon type.



- (i) What are the different operating regions of the transistor which correspond to different temperature levels of the thermistor? (15 marks)
- (ii) Explain how to check using a multimeter, when the transistor is operating in each of the above mentioned operating regions. (10 marks)
- (iii) The above transistor gets into saturated state when the current through the Light Emitting Diode (LED) becomes 20 mA. Calculate the value of R_c taking the voltage across the LED as 2.1 V. (10 marks)
- (iv) Calculate the minimum base current which brings the transistor to saturation in part (iii) above. (10 marks)

Part C - Essay (Mechanical Technology)

7. An order has been received by you to produce a batch of pulleys as shown in figure. Aluminium rods with diameter 120 mm and lengths 1 m have been supplied as raw material for this.



(All dimensions are in millimetres)

(a) State three machines that should be used in the machine shop for producing these pulleys.

(06 marks)

- (b) Explain, how to separate the workpiece of used to make a pulley from the aluminium rods. (15 marks)
- (c) Stating the machine, tools and accessories used, describe step by step, using diagrams, how the flat end-faces of the pulleys are machined. (15 marks)
- (d) Stating the machine, tools and accessories used, describe step by step, using diagrams, how the v-grooves on the curved surface are machined. (15 marks)
- (e) Stating the machine, tool and accessories used, describe step by step, using diagrams, how the center hole of the pulley is machined. (15 marks)
- (f) Stating the machine, tools and accessories used, describe step by step, using diagrams, how the keyway of the pulley is machined. (15 marks)
- (g) If only one pulley is required to be produced, briefly explain, how this can be done using only one machine. (09 marks)
- 8. (a) The function of the carburettor is to supply fuel to the engine by changing air fuel ratio according to the various running conditions. The air fuel ratio of a petrol engine for complete combustion is considered as 14.5 : 1. It is known as stoichiometric ratio. (i) What is a 'rich mixture'?

(04 marks)

(ii) Under what condition is a 'rich mixture' required to be supplied to a vehicle engine?

(04 marks) (04 marks)

- (iii) What is a 'lean mixture'?
- (iv) Under what condition is a 'lean mixture' required to be supplied to a vehicle engine? (04 marks)
- (v) State two advantages of using fuel injection instead of carburettor in motor vehicles.

(b)	For the fuel supply system of a motor car using the fuel tank to the engine along the fuel suppl	ly system in the correct order, and give	one
	function performed by each of the components.	(12 m	arks)
(c)	Drum and disc brakes are major types of brakes		
	(i) Describe with sketches, how drum and disk	brakes work. (08 m	arks)
	(ii) State two methods used for the operation of	f disc brakes (08 m	arks)
	(iii) State two situations where hand brakes are a	used. (08 m	arks)
	(iv) Give two faults that can be commonly four required.	nd in hand brakes and give remedial action (08 ma	
	(v) Explain the advantage of using Anti-locking modern motor vehicles.	g Braking System (ABS) which is use (08 mz	
(<i>d</i>)	Name five methods that are used for the safety moving and explain the methods of action of two		ch is
		$(02 \times 5 + 04 \times 2 = 18 ma$	arks)
	Part D - Essay (Civil T	(echnology)	
9 .(a)	(i) Describe two natural processes in a river wh	hich lead to natural purification of water (10 ma	
	(ii) List five factors need to be considered, when pump water from a well to an overhead tank		
	(iii) List five components and accessories required stated in (ii) above.	d for the construction of the pumping sy (10 ma	
	(iv) Explain the function of solvent cement, when	n it is used to join two PVC component (05 ma	
(b)	A single storeyed building is proposed to be cons and a closed coupled double pitched clay tile roof, i plate 3,000 mm from Damp Proof Course (DPC).	having pitch angle 30° and wall height to	
		1000	
		<u> </u>	
	D-3000 ± 2900	- A	
	W 3000 × 1500	walls	
	00 W	roofs	
	£ W		
	D		
		[1000 (All dimensions are in millimetr	es)
	<u> </u>	*	
	← X		
	(i) Draw an annotated and dimensioned cross s	section in the cross-sectional plane $X - \lambda$	X of

- (i) Draw an annotated and dimensioned cross section in the cross-sectional plane X-X of the building as seen in the direction of arrow X_{*} (15 marks)
- (ii) Draw two consecutive courses of the brick laying pattern needed to form the corner plane "A" with 4 bricks in each side. (10 marks)
- (iii) Name two alternative materials each that can be used for roof cover and members of roof frame. (12 marks)
- (iv) 3.5 m long lintel is to be placed symmetrically over the window opening. Name the loads acting on the lintel and show in a sketch the way they act on the lintel. (12 marks)
- (c) Strip foundation was not recommended as the soil on the site was too weak. Name two suitable foundation types (06 marks)

10.(a) Answer the given questions, using the TDS sheets supplied referring to the following floor plan and cross sections of the foundations. (Taking-off should comply with SLS 573) w Ground level Brick wall 1500 DPC W: 1200 × 1500 D:1000 × 2000 300 225-Imn 4500 1500 21000 Random rubble 600 foundation wall 200Concrete base 1500 400 (All dimensions are in millimetres) 6000 (i) Calculate the centreline girth of the walls of building. (15 marks) (ii) Take off the quantities for concrete in the base of the foundation (05 marks)(iii) Take off the quantities for the random rubble wall of foundation up to Damp Proof Course (DPC). (05 marks)(iv) Height of brick wall from DPC to flat roof is 3 m. Take off the quantities for the brick wall from DPC to flat roof showing the deductions for doors and windows. (10 marks) (b) Calculate the net unit rate for the 225 mm brick wall referring to the given information. (15 marks) • All in rates for labour For a skilled labourer Rs. 3000.00 per day For an unskilled labourer Rs 1500.00 per day All in rates for materials One Brick Rs. 30.00 50 kg cement bag Rs. 1000.00 Sand 1 m³ (approximately equivalent to 100 pans) Rs. 5000.00 Assume that a team of one skilled worker and two unskilled workers builds 3 m² of 225 mm thick brick wall in a day including mixing of mortar. • Raw material requirement for 1 m² of 225 mm thick brick wall are as follows: bricks 120 nos cement 2/5 bags (including shrinkage allowance) sand 16 pans (including shrinkage allowance) (c) It was proposed to take measurements to draw the plan of a small land with a house using only one survey line. (i) With figures describe two methods which can be used to take measurements relative to the line for a point located outside the line? (10 marks) (ii) State two difficulties faced, when surveying a land with only one survey line. (10 marks) (iii) A levelling procedure was carried out to determine the difference between reduced levels of 2 points on the above land. In this, two instrument stations were used and the levelling staff readings were 2.43 m, 1.48 m, 2.92 m and 0.72 m respectively. Calculate the height difference between the above 2 points using a table or a diagram. (20 marks)

* * *

