



අධ්‍යාපන අමාත්‍යාංශය
கல்வி அமைச்சு
Ministry of Education

G. C. E. Ordinary Level | අ. සො. ස. සාමාන්‍ය සෙල | 2022 (2023)
Student Seminar Series

ශිෂ්‍ය සම්මන්ත්‍රණ මාලාව

Practice Paper | උපකාරක ප්‍රශ්න පත්‍ර

Mathematics

ගණිතය






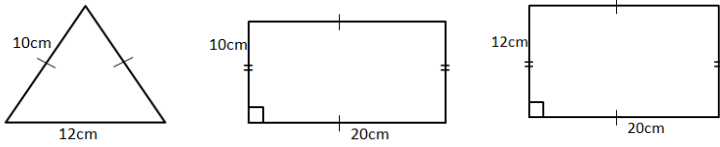






Answer Sheet - I, II (English Medium)



එනසා
The National e-Learning Portal for The General Education

දුරස්ථ අධ්‍යාපන ප්‍රවර්ධන ශාඛාව | ගණිත ශාඛාව

Mathematics I part A

Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation		
01		3000 6%	1 1	02	
02		$x = 30$ $90 + x = 4x$ $3x = 90$	1 1	(02)	
03		$(2x - 3)(x - 2)$	2	(02)	
04			1+1	(02)	
05		32cm $DB^2 + DO^2 = OB^2$ $DB^2 + 12^2 = 20^2$	1 1	(02)	
06		$12a^2b^2$	2	(02)	
07		$\frac{3}{5}$ or 0.6 $AC = 5$	1 1	(02)	
08		$AB = DC \quad AD = BC \quad \checkmark$ $DAB = B\hat{C}D \quad A\hat{B}C = ADC \quad \checkmark$ $D\hat{A}C = B\hat{A}C \quad AC \perp BD \quad \times$	2 1	(02)	
09		$9ax$	2	(02)	

Question Number		Answer	Marks		
10		4.5	2	⊙02	△02
11		8	2	⊙02	△02
12		9 $\frac{1}{8} \times \pi \times 21 \times 21 \div \frac{1}{8} \times \pi \times 7 \times 7$	1 1	⊙02	△02
13		$x = 65^\circ$ $80 + 35 + x = 180$	1 1	⊙02	△02
14		$x = 2$ $x = -3$	1 1	⊙02	△02
15		70	2	⊙02	△02
16		$x = 135^\circ$ <i>AOC reflect angle = 270°</i>	1 1	⊙02	△02
17		9 times $\frac{ar^9}{ar^7} = r^2$ $r^2 = 9$	2	⊙02	△02

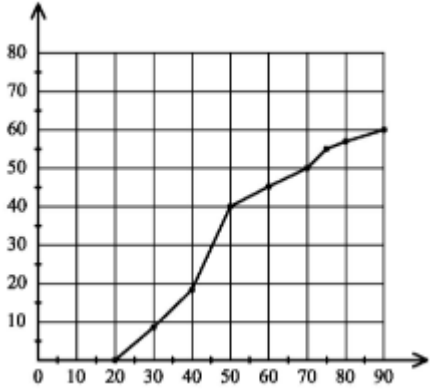
Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation		
18		<p>If both angles are correct</p> <p>If only one angle is correct</p>	2 1	02	02
19		<p>(i) BC = 16cm</p> <p>(ii) AC = 24 cm</p>	1 1	02	02
20		<p>Gradient = $\frac{3}{4}$</p> <p>Intercept = 3 or $\frac{0-3}{4-0}$</p>	1 1	02	02
21		<p>2 hours</p> <p>$\frac{60 \times 4}{40}$</p>	1 1	02	02
22		<p>(i) centre.</p> <p>(ii) twice</p>	2	02	02
23		<p>$\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$</p>	2	02	02
24		<p>6</p> <p>10</p>	1 1	02	02

Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation		
25		<p>To the diagram</p>	2	02	02

Mathematics I part B

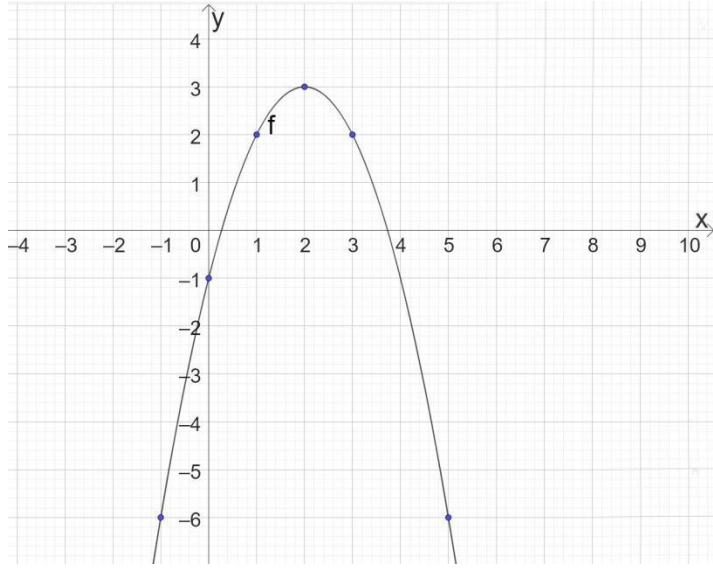
Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation		
01	i.	$1 - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$	1	01	
	ii.	$\frac{6}{7}$ of $\frac{2}{3}$ $= \frac{4}{7}$	1 1	02	
	iii.	$1 - \left(\frac{1}{7} + \frac{4}{7}\right) = 1$ $= \frac{2}{7}$	1 1	02	
	iv.	$\frac{2}{7} = 24500$ $\frac{1}{7} = 12250$ \therefore Total Population = 12250×7 $= 85750$	1 1 1	03	
	v.	$\frac{4}{7} \div \frac{2}{7}$ Twice	1 1	02	10



Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation			
02		i.	$\frac{22}{7} \times 14 \times 14 \times \frac{1}{4}$ $154cm^2$	1 1	(02)	
		ii.	Area of the Trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(30 + 14) \times 14$ = $308cm^2$ \therefore Total Area = $308 + 154$ = $462cm^2$	1 1 1	(03)	
		iii.	$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14 \times \frac{1}{4}$ = $22cm$	1 1	(02)	
		iv.	Total Perimeter = $79 + 22$ = $101cm$	1 1	(02)	
		v.	$\frac{154}{14} = 11cm$	1	(01)	$\triangle 10$
03	(a)	i.	36×20 720	1	(01)	
		ii.	$36 \times 5 = 180$ $720 - 180 = 540$ Number of People = $36 - 9 = 27$ $27 + 3 = 30$ or $36 - 6 = 30$	1 1	(01)	
			Number of days = $\frac{540}{30}$ = 18	1	(01)	
	(b)	i.	Income that should pay the tax = $800\ 000 - 500\ 000$ = $300\ 000$ Income tax = $300\ 000 \times \frac{4}{100} = 12\ 000$	1 1 1	(03)	$\triangle 10$
		ii.	Tax for 500 000 = $500\ 000 \times \frac{4}{100}$ = $20\ 000$ Remaining Tax = $36\ 000 - 20\ 000$ = $16\ 000$ Income = $16\ 000 \times \frac{100}{8}$ = $200\ 000$	1 1	(03)	

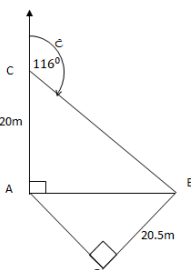
Question Number	Answer	Marks Allocation										
04	 <table border="1" data-bbox="411 853 592 1223"> <thead> <tr> <th>Cumulative Frequency</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>45</td></tr> <tr><td>51</td></tr> <tr><td>56</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="411 1263 794 1301">Cumulative Frequency Curve</p> <p data-bbox="411 1339 576 1377">Median = 50</p> <p data-bbox="411 1458 943 1585"> $Q_3 = \frac{3}{4} \times 60th\ person = 45\ th\ person$ = 60 </p> <p data-bbox="411 1666 703 1704">Represent in the graph</p> <p data-bbox="411 1742 715 1780">Number of students = 6</p>	Cumulative Frequency	8	18	30	45	51	56	60	02	02	
Cumulative Frequency												
8												
18												
30												
45												
51												
56												
60												
		03 01	04									
		1 1	02									
		1	02	10								



Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation			
05	A	i.	<p style="text-align: center;">පළමු ගැනීම</p>	<p>අක්ෂ නම් කිරීම</p> <p>X ලකුණු කිරීම</p>	1	
					1	02
					1	
					1	02
	b	i.	$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4}$ $= \frac{6}{20} + \frac{6}{20} + \frac{6}{20}$ $= \frac{18}{20} \text{ or } \frac{9}{10}$ <p>Second Method</p> $= 1 - \left(\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}\right)$ $= 1 - \frac{2}{20}$	<p>Events</p> <p>Probability</p>	1	04
					3	
		ii.	$= \frac{18}{20} \text{ or } \frac{9}{10}$		1	
					1	02
					1	or
					1	02


Mathematics II

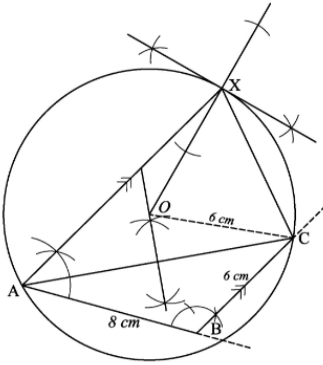

Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation		
01	a	$\text{Loan without the Interest} = \frac{120\,000}{12} = \text{Rs. } 10\,000$ $\text{Interest per a month} = 10\,000 \times \frac{24}{100} \times \frac{1}{12}$ $= \text{Rs. } 200$	1		Allocate marks for other alternative methods
	b	$\text{Monthly Units} = \frac{12}{2}(12 + 1) = 78$ $\text{Total Interest} = 200 \times 78 = \text{Rs. } 15\,600$	1	(05)	
	c	$\text{Number of shares} = \frac{120\,000}{15} = 8\,000$ $\text{Divident Income} = 8\,000 \times 3$ $= \text{Rs. } 24\,000$ $\text{Profit} = \text{Rs. } 24\,000 - 15\,600$ $= \text{Rs. } 8\,400$	1	(03)	
			1	(02)	
					△ 10
02	a				

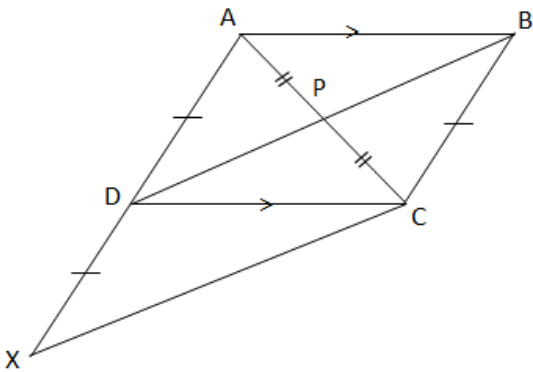
Question Number			Answer	Marks Allocation		
02	a	i.	$y = -1$	1	(01)	
		ii.	Correct Axis Correct 5 points Smooth Curve	1 1 1	(03)	
	b.	i.	(2, 3)	1	(01)	
		ii.	$0.2 < x < 2$	2	(02)	
	c.		$y = -(x - 2)^2 + 3$ $0 = -x^2 + 4x - 1$ $x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$ $y = 0$ Roots 0.2 and 3.8	1		
				2	(03)	
03	a	i.	$\frac{5}{x+2} = \frac{3}{x-1}$	1	(02)	
			$5x - 5 = 3x + 6$	1		
			$2x = 11$ $x = 5\frac{1}{2}$	1		
	b	i.	$50x + 10y = 1340$ · (1)	1	(08)	
			$x + y = 30$ · (2)	1		
			$(2) \times 10$ $10x + 10y = 300$ · (3)	1		
$(1) - (3)$ $40x = 1040$ $x = 26$ Substituting the value of x in (2) 30 $26 + y =$			1 1			
		$y = 4$ Number of Rs. 50 stamps = 26 Number of Rs. 10 stamps = 4	1			

Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation		
04		Length of the rectangular laminar = $2x + 8$ $\therefore x(2x + 8) = 32$ $2x^2 + 8x = 32$ $x^2 + 4x - 16 = 0$ $x^2 + 4x = 16$ $(x + 2)^2 = 16 + 4$ $x + 2 = \pm \sqrt{20}$ $x + 2 = \pm 2\sqrt{5}$ $x + 2 = \pm 2 \times 2.24$ $x + 2 = \pm 4.48$ $x = -2 + 4.48$ or $x = -2 - 4.48$ $x = 2.48$ or $x = -6.48$ The length cannot be negative, so cannot be $x < 0$ $x = 2.48$ $\therefore x = 2.5 \text{cm}$	1 1 1	(03)	
			1 1 1 1	(04)	
			1		
			1 1	(03)	\triangle 10
05		For marking at least two measurements given  For $ABC\Delta$ $\tan t c$ $2.050 \times 20 = AB$ $AB = 41 \text{m}$ If $D\hat{A}B = \theta$ $\sin \theta = \frac{20.5}{41}$ $\sin \theta = 0.5000$ $\theta = 30^\circ$ $\therefore A\hat{B}D = 60^\circ$ \therefore Bearing of D from B = $180^\circ + 30^\circ$ $= 210^\circ$	2	(02)	
			1 1 1	(03)	
			1 1 1 1		
			1	(05)	\triangle 10

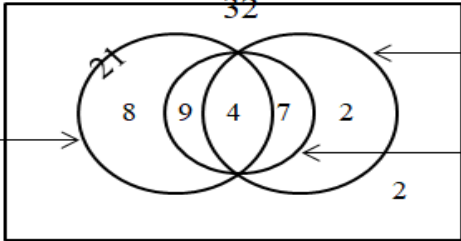
Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation																													
06	i.	8 – 10		01																												
	ii.	8 – 10	1	01																												
	iii.	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Class Interval</th> <th>Mid Value x</th> <th>Frequency f</th> <th>fx</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4-6</td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> <td>50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6-8</td> <td>7</td> <td>15</td> <td>105</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8-10</td> <td>9</td> <td>18</td> <td>162</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10-12</td> <td>11</td> <td>8</td> <td>88</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12-14</td> <td>13</td> <td>6</td> <td>78</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14-16</td> <td>15</td> <td>3</td> <td>45</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $\Sigma f = 60 \quad \Sigma fx = 528$ Mid value $\frac{\Sigma x}{\Sigma fx}$ Mean = $\frac{\Sigma x}{\Sigma f} = \frac{528}{60}$ = 8.8	Class Interval	Mid Value x	Frequency f	fx	4-6	5	10	50	6-8	7	15	105	8-10	9	18	162	10-12	11	8	88	12-14	13	6	78	14-16	15	3	45	3 1 1 1 1 1	03 05
Class Interval	Mid Value x	Frequency f	fx																													
4-6	5	10	50																													
6-8	7	15	105																													
8-10	9	18	162																													
10-12	11	8	88																													
12-14	13	6	78																													
14-16	15	3	45																													
	iv.	Total mass of the tea leaves = 8.8×60 = $528t$ Mass of high quality tea leaves = $528 \times \frac{60}{100}$ = $316.8t$ Mass of other tea leaves = $528 - 316.8 = 211.2$ Cost for high quality tea leaves = $316.8 \times 1000 \times 300$ = $\text{Sh. } 95040000$ Cost for other tea leaves = $211.2 \times 1000 \times 250$ = $\text{Sh. } 52800000$ Total cost = $95040000 + 52800000$ = $\text{Sh. } 147840000$	1 1 1	03	Allocate 1 mark if one step of multiplication is correct Allocate marks for the subtraction step 																											

Question Number	Answer	Marks Allocation			
07.	<p>i. 1, 3, 5, 7 $d = 3-1 = 2$, $d = 5-3$, $d = 7-5$ it is an arithmetic progression</p> <p>ii. $a = 1$, $d = 2$, $n = 15$ $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$ $T_{15} = 1 + (15 - 1)2$ $T_{15} = 1 + 28$ $T_{15} = 29$</p> <p>iii. $T_n = 39$ $39 = 1 + (n - 1) \times 2$ $39 = 1 + 2n - 2$ $40 = 2n$ $n = 20$</p> <p>iv. Red color bulb pattern 1, 5, 9, Green color bulb pattern 3, 7, 11, As the total number of rows is 65, Number of Red color rows = 33 Number of Green color rows = 32</p> <p>Number of Red color Bulbs $S_{33} = \frac{33}{2} \{2 \times 1 + 32 \times 4\}$ $= 2145$</p> <p>Number of Green color bulbs $S_{32} = \frac{32}{2} \{2 \times 3 + 31 \times 4\}$ $= 2080$</p> <p>Number of more Red color bulbs $= 2145 - 2080$ $= 65$</p>	1	1	(02)	
		1	1	(02)	
		1	1	(02)	
		1	1		
		1	1		
		1	1	(04)	

Question Number	Answer	Marks Allocation		
08	 <p data-bbox="331 815 798 922">i. To draw $AB = 8$ cm To construct 120° To construct the triangle ABC</p> <p data-bbox="331 965 1029 1072">ii. Construction of the perpendicular bisector of AC To finding the centre of the circle Construction of the circle</p> <p data-bbox="331 1115 817 1184">iii. Copying the angle Construction of the parallel line</p> <p data-bbox="331 1267 861 1458">iv. Construction of the tangent $\widehat{ABC} = 120^\circ$ (given) $\widehat{ABC} + \widehat{BAX} = 180^\circ$ (allied angles) $\therefore \widehat{BAX} = 60^\circ$</p>	1 1 1	(03)	
		1 1 1	(03)	
		1 1	(02)	
		1	(01)	
		1	(01)	

Question Number	Answer	Marks Allocation		
09	<div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p> $APB\Delta, DPC\Delta$ $B\hat{A}P = P\hat{C}D$ (given) $AP = PC$ $A\hat{P}B = D\hat{P}C$ (vertically opposite angles) $\therefore APB\Delta \equiv DPC\Delta$ (a. a. s. instance) $AB = DC$ (Corresponding angles of two congruent triangles) $AD = BC$ (given) $\therefore ABCD$ is a parallelogram (As the pair of opposite sides are equal) $ABC\Delta Area = DBC\Delta Area$ (As the diagonals bisect the area of the parallelogram) $\therefore AD \parallel BC$ (opposite sides of a parallelogram) $AX \parallel BC$ $\therefore DX \parallel BC$ $AD = BC$ (given) $AD = DX$ (given) $BC = CX$ $\therefore DBCX$ is a parallelogram (Opposite sides are equal and parallel) </p> <p> \therefore Area of the parallelogram $DBCX = 2$ area of the triangle DBC (The diagonal of the parallelogram bisects the area of it) \therefore Area of the parallelogram $DBCX = 2$ Area of the triangle $ABC\Delta$ </p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>10</p>	<p>10</p>

Question Number		Answer	Marks Allocation			
10	a	Volume of the prism = $20hcm^3$ Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Number of spheres = $20h \div \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	1 1 1 1	04		
	B	$n = \frac{15 \times 23.08}{3.14 \times 0.82^3}$ $\log n = \lg 15 + \lg 23.08 - (\lg \lg 3.14 + 3 \lg \lg 0.82)$ $= 1.1761 + 1.3632 - (0.4969 + 3 \times J.9138)$ $= 2.5393 - (0.4969 + T.7414)$ $= 2.5393 - 0.2383$ $= 2.3010$ $n = \text{antilog } 2.3010$	1 1 1 1			J.9138 – 1 3න් ගුණ කිරීම
11	i.	$C\hat{B}X = B\hat{D}C$ (Angle in between the tangent and the chord is equals to the angle in the alternate segment of the circle)	1	03		
		$BC = CD$ (given)				
		$C\hat{B}D = B\hat{D}C$ (Angles opposite to the equal sides of an isosceles triangle are equal)	1			
		$C\hat{B}D = C\hat{A}D$ Angles on the same segment	1			
		$\therefore C\hat{B}X = C\hat{A}D$				
		ii.	$B\hat{A}P = C\hat{D}P$ Angles on the same segment			1
		$A\hat{P}B = C\hat{P}D$ Vertically opposite angles	1			
		$\therefore ABP\Delta$ and $CDP\Delta$ are equi angular	1			
		$\therefore ABP\Delta$ and $CDP\Delta$ are equal in shape	1			
		$\therefore \frac{AB}{CD} = \frac{AP}{DP}$	1			
iii.	$C\hat{B}D = B\hat{D}C$ (Proved earlier)	1	03			
	$B\hat{D}C = B\hat{A}C$ (Angles of the same segment)					
	$C\hat{B}D = B\hat{A}C$					
	$A\hat{B}C = A\hat{B}P + C\hat{B}P$					
	$A\hat{B}C = A\hat{B}P + B\hat{A}P$	1				
	$B\hat{P}C = A\hat{B}P + B\hat{A}P$ (The exterior angle formed by extending a side of a triangle is equals to the sum of interior opposite angles of the triangle)					
	$A\hat{D}C + A\hat{B}C = 180^\circ$ (As opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral are equal)	1				
	$\therefore A\hat{D}C + B\hat{P}C = 180^\circ$	1				
		1				
		1				

Question Number	Answer		Marks Allocation		
12		<div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p data-bbox="331 701 421 734">i. 9</p> <p data-bbox="331 779 421 813">ii. 7</p> <p data-bbox="331 857 421 891">iii. 2</p> <p data-bbox="331 936 970 1115">iv. Number of houses which are using gas = 20 Percentage = $\frac{20}{32} \times 100 = 62.5\%$ $62.5\% > 60\%$ \therefore Statement is correct</p>	2		
			1	03	
			2	02	
			2	02	
			1		
			1		
			1	03	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">10</div>