# A/L ICT Marking Scheme <br> 2016 - November 2017 (Gr.13) Batch 

## Field Work Center (FWC) Thondaimanaru



## Part I - Answers

| (1) | 1 | (11) | 4 | (21) | 5 | (31) | 5 | (41) | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | 2 | (12) | 2 | (22) | 4 | (32) | 5 | (42) | 5 |
| (3) | 3 | (13) | 2 | (23) | 3 | (33) | 4 | (43) | 4 |
| (4) | 2 | (14) | 5 | (24) | 1 | (34) | 4 | (44) | 5 |
| (5) | 2 | (15) | 5 | (25) | 2 | (35) | 4 | (45) | 3 |
| (6) | 1 | (16) | 5 | (26) | 4 | (36) | 3 | (46) | 1 |
| (7) | 3 | (17) | 2 | (27) | 2 | (37) | 1 | (47) | 5 |
| (8) | 3 | (18) | 4 | (28) | 5 | (38) | 5 | (48) | 5 |
| (9) | 1 | (19) | 1 | (29) | 2 | (39) | 4 | (49) | 1 |
| (10) | 5 | (20) | 5 | (30) | 3 | (40) | 4 | (50) | 1 |

## Part - II A Answers

Note:- * Any other relevant answers.

| Question <br> No. | Suggested answers | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) (a)(i) | $A \cdot(B+\bar{C})+B .(C+\bar{D})+B \cdot D$ | 2 marks |
| (1) (a)(ii) | $\begin{array}{ll} A .(B+\bar{C})+B .(C+\bar{D})+B . D & \\ =A B+A \bar{C}+B C+B \bar{D}+B D & \text { [Distributive Law] } \\ =A B+A \bar{C}+B C+B(\bar{D}+D) & \\ =A B+A \bar{C}+B C+B .1 & {[\text { Inverse Law] }} \\ =A B+A \bar{C}+B C+B & \text { [Identity Law] } \\ =B(A+C+1)+A \bar{C} & \\ =B \cdot 1+A \bar{C} & \\ =B+A \bar{C} & \end{array}$ | 3 marks |
| (1) (b) |  | 2 marks |
| (1) (c) | B2C - Business to Consumer <br> Bank provides services to the customers through its website/Internet. <br> C2B - Consumer to Business <br> Customers obtain services such as knowing account balance, and transactions through banking website/Internet. | 3 marks |


|  | B2E - Business to Employee <br> Bank provides services to its employees (payments, transfer details) through its website/Internet. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) (a) | (i) <hr>-Horizontal rule : separates contents / indicates thematic changes in the contents. <br> (ii) <br>-Line Break: Inserts a single line break. | 4 marks |
| (2) (b) | ```<dl> <dt> Java </dt> <dd> Object-oriented programming </dd> <dt> Pascal </dt> <dd> Procedural programming </dd> </dl>``` | 3 marks |
| (2) (c) | Marks <br> Subjects Marks <br> Physics 89 | 3 marks |
| (3) (a) | (i) $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{N F}$ - Table contains no repeating groups / should have atomic values. <br> (ii) $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{N F}$ - Table does not contain any partial dependencies. <br> (iii) 3 NF - Table does not contain transitive dependency / every determinant is key. | 3 marks |
| (3) (b) | (i) No, Yes <br> (ii) High, Low <br> (iii) High, Low <br> (iv) Low, High | 4 marks |
| (3) (c) | Magnetic storage : Hard disk, or any suitable example <br> Optical storage : CD, or any suitable example <br> Solid-state storage : Flash drive, or any suitable example | 3 marks |
| (4) (a) | (i) $\mathrm{n}<=5 \quad$ (ii) \# pro.py $\quad$ (iii) cal()$\quad$ (iv) n , sum | 4 marks |


| (4) (b) | $\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 3 & 6 & 10 & 15\end{array}$ | 3 marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (4) (c) | Width of the address bus $=32$ - bits <br> No. of unique addresses $=2^{32}$ $\begin{aligned} \text { Max. usable size of memory } & =2^{32} \text { bytes } \\ & =2^{22} \mathrm{~KB} \end{aligned}$ | 3 marks |

## Part -II B Answers

| Question No. | Suggested Answers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) (a) | $P T+\bar{W} \bar{T}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 marks |
| (1) (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 marks |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |  |
|  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |  |
|  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
| (1) (c) <br> 4 marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) (d) | $\bar{P} \bar{T}$ | $\bar{W}+$ | $P \bar{T}$ | $\bar{W}$ | P' | $\bar{W}$ | PTW |  | 3 marks |
| (2) (a) | Attendances of each student could be easily managed / up-to-date. <br> The Internet usage of students could be controlled with limit. <br> Academic details of each student could be easily managed / up-to-date. * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 marks |


| (2) (b) | Data privacy / Security issues. | 3 marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) (c) | Using of data encryption / password. * | 2 marks |
| (2) (d) | The academic / examination results details of students should be able to store in this card. <br> The Internet usage details of students should be able to store in this card. <br> The card shall be able to read by card readers. * | 6 marks |
| (3) (a) |  | 4 marks |
| (3) (b) | Improved Security / privacy / Confidentiality. Authentication / Integrity. | 4 marks |
| (3) (c) |  Optical fiber cable Co-axial cable <br> Cost High Low <br> Made of Glass tube / fiber glass Copper <br> Data rate High Low <br> Immunity High Low | 4 marks |
| (3) (d) | IP address <br> Subnet mask <br> Default gateway * | 3 marks |
| (4) (a) | Compiler is a translator program which converts entire source code written in a programming language into object code / machine code at a time. <br> Interpreter is a translator program which converts source code written in a programming language into object code / machine code a line at a time. | 4 marks ( $2 \times 2$ ) |




