8. The relative minor of A Major would be

b. C sharp minor

c. F minor

a. F sharp minor

d. E Major

d. E minor

9.	111	piet is usually to	una 1	n				
-	a.	Simple time	b.	compound time	С	. 9 time 8	d.	12 time 16
10.	\mathbf{A}	Lullaby is usually	sung	g				
	a.	For Marching	b.	To make babies sleep	Ç	. For Dancing	d.	At Pop concerts
11.	The	highest pitched	fema	ale voice would be	e			
		Contralto		Baritone		. Alto	d.	Soprano
12.	The	Entertainer is a	comr	osition of the				
				Classical Period	c.	Romantic Period	d.	Baroque Period
13	The	Fugue No 1 in	C N	Agior belong to				
		Programme music			c.	Ballet music	d.	None of the
1 4.	Jupi	ter Symphony is	a co	mposition of				above
		G. F. Haydn			c.	W. A. Mozart	d.	J. Brahms
		mbones change the highest pitched		s instrument is the tr	rum	pet		
16.	The	Piano was invente	ed by	a/an				
	a.	Italian	b.	German	c.	Englishman	d.	Frenchman
17. 3	The a.	person known to Charles Dias	be b.	the Father of Nurth Phillip Singno	i is c.	C. Don Bastian	d.	John de Silva
1017	• <u>.</u>	. , , , ,						
		aya' is a section fo Nadagam			c.	Vannam	d.	Sarala Gee
, 10 ኒ	n . ^•	ciental music SA	or d	PA are known as				
				Uchcha Swara	c.	Maddya Swara	d.	Raised notes
20. N	∕lavı	ıra Vannama dep	icte t	the dance of alon		••	Ć,	
		Eagle		Peacock	c.	Monkey	d.	Horse
						•		•

21. The frequency of Midd	le Clis 256 Hz what	would be the frequency	of the 3 rd space note in
the Treble clef would be		would be the frequency	A the 5 space note in
a. 440 Hz		c. 512 Hz	d. 880 Hz
22. If you are sight singing the	,	the F major, what will be	e the missing note:?
000	0		
a. Doh 2. 23. In which musical is the so	o. Fah ong "I'm getting Marr	c. Lah ied in the M orning"	d. Soh
a. Wizard of Ozc. My fair Lady	a the governing and and	b. Sound of Music d. Mary Poppin's	
24. The two composers born	in the same year were	;	
a. Bach and Handelc. Bach and Mozart25. The main drum used in N		b. Handel and Schd. Mozart and Ha	
a. Tabla b 26. The song Danno Budhung	o. mrudangam ge is taken from	c. Maddalaya	d. Getaberaya
	b. Padmawathi	c. Sinhavali	d. Kalagola
27. Ternary form has		or the	
- a. 2 sections	b. 3 sections	c. 1 section	d. 4 sections
28. The middle pedal of the g	rand piano is known a	as	
a. Una corda	b. tre corda	c. sostenuto pedal	d. sustaining pedal
29. The meaning of 'Lento' is		1	r · ·····
a. soft	b. slow	c. getting gradually slow	d. fast
30. Which of the following w	ord means 'play sm		
a. staccato 31. Bridal Chorus is taken fr	b. moderato om the opera	c. legato	d. allegretto
a. Aida	b. Lohengrin	c. Magic Flute	d. Fidelio
22 971:1 64 64	1.1	.,	
32. Which of the following			
a. Indian pita	b. Koha	c. MagpieRobin	d. Peacock

33. A percussion instrument that can play a melody
a. Tenor drum b. Tubular c. Triangle d. Tambourine bells
34. The note that is quarter in value to the given note is
a. , b. , c. , p d. ,
35.
The corresponding to the given bar would be
a. 6 b. 9 c. 3 d. 9
8 12 4 8
36. ABACA is the plan for
a. Rondo Form b. Ternary Form c. Binary Form d. Variation Form
37. How many notes would a Dominant 7 th (v ⁷) chord have? a. 2
a. 2 b. 3 c. 4 d. 5 38. Which of the following would be the best way you could learn to sing properly?
a. Singing at home b. Singing at a party
c. Singing with a group of friends d. Singing in the school choir 39. Scott Joplin was famous for?
a. Ragtime b. Pop music c. Classical d. Fusion
music 40 This is the type of the first line of a countrie.
40. This is the tune of the first line of a song given in your singing syllabus which Is it?
Q'AL
a. Brahm's b. Flow Gently c. O solo Mio d. Sandman
Lullaby Sweet Afton
•1

•



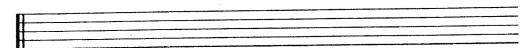
Answer question no 01 which is compulsory and 04 others selecting 02 from each part A and B

01. The following questions are based on the given music

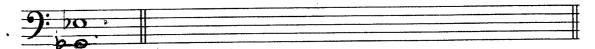


2	
	beginning on the Tonic (3 Marks)
	Complete the following scale by adding the missing notes. It is a harmonic minor scale
7.	Vrite the required scales.
	Answer two question s only.
	PART A
	xii . Write the opposite meaning of $\frac{1}{2}$ ($1x12 = 12$
!	xi.Write the corresponding compound time of the music
	x. Name the cadence at the end of the music
	O PO B ROTAL FOR W
	The Conternal
	(Education)
	ix. Write the last two bars of the music in double time
•	viii. What does the Metronome mark at the beginning tell the player?
	vii. Give the meaning of the Italian terms at the beginning of the piece
	vi. How would you play the left hand chords on the 1st line? (Legato/ staccato)
	v. Name the key at the end of the 1st line
	iv. Name the key at the beginning of the piece
	iii .Name two other composers born during the same period. ab
	ii. Name two compositions of this composer ab

b.The melodic minor scale with 4 sharps ascending begin and end on the Dominant, use Bass clef and accidentals. Write in minims. (3 Marks)



c. Write the Major scale which has the given interval in crotchets descending use G clef and key signatures. Circle the two notes of the given interval. (3 Marks)



d. Write the intervals required **BELOW** the given notes (3 Marks)



Major 7 th

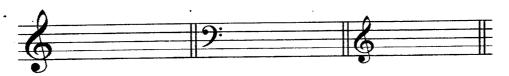
minor 3 rd

Major 6 th

0.3 a .Correct the groupings of the notes in the following bars according to the given time signature $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marks})$



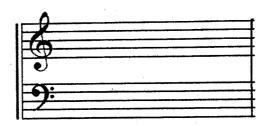
b. Write the following Triads. (3 Marks)



Tonic triad of G Major Dominant triad of E minor Tonic triad in B Major

Root position 2 nd inversion 1st inversion

c. Write the Interrupted Cadence in G minor (2 Marks)



d. Complete the following chords in the key of D Major by adding parts for alto, tenor and

bass (3 Marks)



Root position
Sub-mediant triad

First Inversion leading note triad

second Inversion super tonic triad

04-a. Write out this passage exactly as it should be played. Name the intervals marked 1 &2

•(Writing out the Ornaments) (4 Marks)

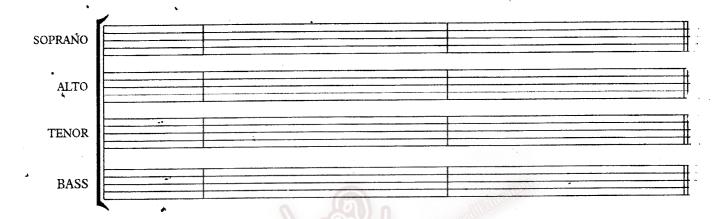


b.Complete this melody by adding an answering phrase in the same style. (4 Marks)



c. Re- write this passage in open score using treble, alto, tenor and bass clef (4 Marks)





PART B

Answer two question s only.

5. a. Name 2 composers of operas giving examples (4 Marks)

NAME	COMPOSITION	NATIONALITY	YEAR OF BIRTH

b. Name 2 composers who wrote ballet music (2 Marks)

······································

c. Two composers who wrote symphonies (4 Marks)

NAME	COMPOSITION	NATIONALITY	YEAR OF BIRTH
d.		••	
е.			

d.	Form is a plan or structure of a musical compos	ition. It has 3 main elements. They ar	е
1.	2.	3.	

		who is the next person to come		
ii. Who i	s the chief person o	f the orchestra at the classical c	oncert	
iii.What d	loes he use to condu	uct the playing?		•
iv. What	do you mean by "Er	ncore"?		
v.When	do you clap? (1 Mar	rk)		
•	At the end of every	movement / At the end of a co	mplete piece	
vi. Chora	al Symphony" was p	played at a concert. What is spe	cial about it? (2 Mark	5)
· vii. Name two		ells you to play slow 1.	2.	(2 marks
	••			(2 mark
iii. What do yo	ou mean by electric	al instruments & name two of the	nem. (3 Marks)	
			Roy	•
' a Name the	es woodwind instr	uments and write a brief descr	rintion on two of the	n / in a senarate na
.a.rame the	se woodwing instr	oments and write a brief descri	iption on two or the	m a separate pa
Land Co De	8		3)	(4 Marks)
				(A N(arks)
				(4 Mar*s)
				(4 Mar #3)
(")	(2)			(4 Mar*s)
				(4 Mar #3)
	(2)			B
	(2)	(5)		• •
	(2)	(5)		• •
(")	(2)	(5)		• •
(")	(2)	(5) 5 (5 Marks)		• •
	(2) (3) (4-) 2 .4.	5		• •
	(2)	5		• •
Name the ma	(2) (3) (4-) 2 .4.	5		• •
13	(2) (3) (4-) 2 .4.	5		• •