

# විධි පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP වයම පළාත් අධ්යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Provincial Department of Education - NWP

### Final Examination - Grade 13 - 2016

Index No ..... Biology II Three - Hours

## **Impotent**

Part A
I all A
ne survival of mankind, sustainable food production in necessary. State the three types ntributions that biology can make for sustainable food production.
ly explain the characteristics of living organisms given below.
bolism
yth
bility
oduction
y non living entities may have one of these characteristics but not all of them. State an uple of such a characteristic.
e the method to solve any problem scientifically and accept by scientists.
the standard sequence of steps of the method that you have mentioned in 1A(iv)
t is the most abundant Inorganic compound found in organisms?

	Organic Compounds	Structural Unit	Elemental Composition	Type of Bond
	Inulin			
	Butter			
	Amylase			
	Type of cell junction		Location	
				•••••
	Characteristic features of characteristic features are fo		•	
	Characteristic features of characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features		•	
	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features	ound in the animals n	nentioned in 2,3,4 column	s, then use ✓ si
	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features  Leaf like body	ound in the animals n	nentioned in 2,3,4 column	s, then use ✓ si
	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features	ound in the animals n	nentioned in 2,3,4 column	s, then use ✓ si
	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features  Leaf like body  Eye spots	ound in the animals n	nentioned in 2,3,4 column	s, then use ✓ si
	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features  Leaf like body  Eye spots  Ventral mouth	ound in the animals n	nentioned in 2,3,4 column	s, then use 🗸 s
1	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features  Leaf like body  Eye spots  Ventral mouth  Acellular  Suckers	Planaria	Fasciola	s, then use 🗸 si
1	characteristic features are for presence.  Characteristic features  Leaf like body  Eye spots  Ventral mouth  Acellular	Planaria	Fasciola	s, then use 🗸 s

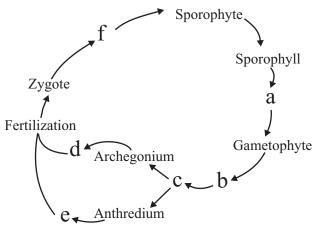
2. (A)	i.	What are the phylla that do not bear at least one organism containing respiratory structure.?					
	ii.	Other than Mollusca, name the classes of invertebrates which have gills as their respiratory structure.					
	iii.	What is the main function of human respiratory system?					
	iv.	Name four structural features of lungs necessary to carry out the function mentioned in 2 A (iii).					
	v.	Name two functions which are non - related to the respiratory function in human pharynx?					
(B)	) i.	a) What is meant by Holozoic Nutrition?					
	b)	Name the main steps of Holozoic Nutrition.					
ii.		Write two reasons that fascinated the transportation of food through the human oesophagus.					
iii		Following diagram shows a part of the human alimentary canal.					
	a)	Name the parts labeled A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H					
	В.						
	C.						
	D.	B E					
	E.						
	F.	F					
	G.	G					
	TT	en e					

	b)	What part of the Alimentary canal is shown in the diagram above?								
	iv.	The part of the alimentary canal mentioned in 2 B(iii) (b) above, shows structural and functional features in the Mucosa of its wall.  Name a structural and functional feature of each								
		Structural Feature								
		Functional Feature								
	v.	What are the type of epithelial cells that produce bile?								
	vi.	Why is bile salt not considered as enzyme?								
C.	i.	In the liver sinusoid, name the cell type that belong to the cell layer lining the sinusoid but attached to the cell layer permenantly?								
		Cell type								
		Function								
		Site of production								
	ii.	i. Name the vitamins produced with in the human alimentary canal and name its si production.								
		Victamin Produced Site of Production								
	iii.	Name a vitamin which is produced by human body other than digestive system.								
	iv.	Name the site of synthesising above mentioned Vitamin in 2C (iii)								
	V.	What are the hormones responsible for stimulating and inbibiting an important functions of the wall of the alimentary canal?								
		For Stimulating								
		For Inhibiting								

3.A	1.	wr	what is an action potential?						
	ii.	What is the time period of an action potential?							
	iii.		Name two factors contributing to increase the speed of nerve impulse transmission, and mention how it contributes to increase the speed.						
		Fac	Type of the Contribution						
	iv.	Sta	State the feature of an action potential which prevent the reverse condition of a nerve impulse.						
	v.	 Na	me three neuro transmitters that are responsible for transmission of nerve impulse.						
В.			C F						
	i.	Na	me the A,B,C,D, E and F part the diagram given above.						
		A							
		В							
		C D							
		E							
		F	- ·······						
	ii.		Write a function of B and D.						
			В						
	iii.		Name the sensitive cells found in F. Mention its function.						
	111.								
			Name of the sensitive cell						
			Function						

	iv.		What type of receptors do pressures receptors belong to?							
C. i.		Wl	nat is an Endocrine?							
	ii.		Name an organ of the human endocrine system which acts both endocrine gland and exocrine gland?							
	iii.		State the name of cell which act as endocrine and exocrine function in above organ							
	iv		Name the hormones responsible for following functions and name its site of production.  Function Hormone Site of Production							
		a	- Stimulating the myometrial contraction							
		b	- Increasing the Ca <sup>2+</sup> level in blood							
		c	- Stimulating production of milk							
			- Contraction of gall bladder							
		e	- Maturation of T - lymphocytes							
04. (A)		i.	What is meant by reproduction.?							
		ii.	What is meant by capacitation, which relevant to the fertilization of gametes in human.							
		iii.	Mention two enzymes found in the Acrosome of the human sperm.							
		iv.	How do you name the Nuclei of gametes, just before fertization.  Male gametes  Female gametes							
		v.	What is the special structure seen in Blastocyst that helps in implantation?							
		••								

(B)	i.	What is meant by human placenta?					
	ii	Name the two methods that involve in exchange of materials through the placenta.					
	iii.	Name a hormone produced from the human placenta since the begining?					
	iv.	What is the function of umbilical cord?					
	V.	What is the hormone that declines rapidly in maternal blood close to parturition?					
(C)	i.	Name an underground stem of higher plants that acts as a vegetative propagatory organ and a parenating organ.					
	ii	Name the two growth substances used in culture media for plant tissue culture.					
	iii.	What is ment by Alternation of generation in plants?					
	iv.	The digram given below indicates the life cycle of Nephrolepis.					



		a -	-	
		b -	-	
		c -	-	
		d ·	-	
		e -	-	
		f ·	-	
	iii	What ar	e the s	tructures at which, meiosis takes place in the above life cycle.
	111,	vv nat an	c the s	tructures at which, hicrosis takes place in the above fire cycle.
		•••••	•••••	
(C)	i.	What is	meant	by Polyallelism?
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	ii	Name for	our cha	racters that are transmitted through polygenic inheritance.
			•••••	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
iii. N	ame t	wo gene	tic diso	rders in humans caused by single gene mutations.
1,		,, o Bono	<b></b>	- were managed by emigre gene managed.
		~		
	iv.	State a 1	factor t	hat affects on Induced mutation.
		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	v.	State tw	o dedu	ctions of Darwin - Wallace theory of natural selections.

Name the stages labeled as a, b, c, d, e, f

# Final Examination - Grade 13 - 2016 Biology II

### **Impotent**

Part B - Essay, Answer four questions only. Give clearly labeled diagrams where necessary.

- 5. I. Explain the conducting system of Heart.
  - II. Explain about the features of Lymphatic system, its general structure and its function briefly.
- 6. I. Explain the gross structure of the kidney.
  - II. Explain the formation of urine in human.
- 7. I. Mention the main functions of the human skeletal system.
  - II. Name the three types of skeleton found in the animal kingdom and explain briefly providing an example of each.
- 8. I. What is meant by solid waste?
  - II. What are the environment and health hazards due to unorganized disposal of solid waste?
  - III. What are the methods by which these problem can be minimized?
- 9. Describe the components of our Eco system and role of the each component.
- 10. Write short notes on the following.
  - I. The effect of smoking on the functioning of the respiratory system.
  - II. Regulation of body temperature.
  - III. Bud grafting.