Self – Study Pack

- Subject Science
- ➢ Grade − 7
- ➢ Term − 2nd Term
- Unit Animal Diversity
- Learning outcomes
 - Compare vertebrates and invertebrates with respect to their unique characteristics
 - Explain adaptations of organisms to their environment with relevant examples.
 - Examine organisms in the environment and group them as vertebrates and invertebrates using unique characteristics of each group.
 - Demonstrate experimentally, how shape and colour are important for animals to survive in their environment.
 - Appreciate animal diversity.
 - State that a dichotomous key can be used for classifying organisms into groups.
 - Use dichotomous keys to classify plants and animals.

Activity 1

- Let us classify animals in the environment.
 - ✓ Read the poem given below. Make a list of animals that are mentioned in the poem.

Resonating sound of larks and cuckoos,

Herd of deer amidst ferocious bear,

How freely they roam,

In this park!

Flocks of doves and parrots,

Dancing peacocks,

Lapwing with its wailing cry,

And jungle fowl,

Kingfisher with long beak,

Shouted in fear of us.

The green leopard,

Terrible tiger,

Ah! The fox,

The cunning king.

Venomous viper,

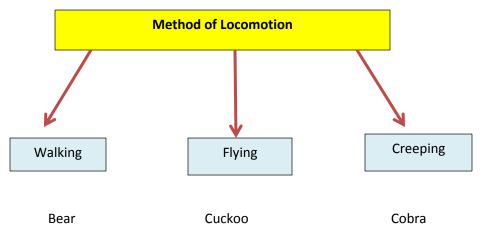
Dreadful crocodile,

And monitor with its scaly skin,

Python and cobra

Coiled near them.

- Classify the list of animals that you have written above into groups according to the features that they have in common.
- Ex: -



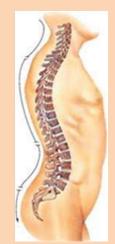
- What difficulties did you come across when grouping above animals?
- What are the occasions that the same animal falls into several groups?

- Let us identify animals with backbone and without backbone.
- If you have seen or heard that the animals you identified in the song are having a column of bones that runs vertically downwards from the skull, classify them on the basis of presence or absence of such a column of bones.

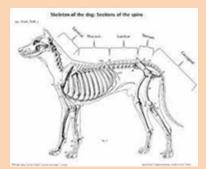
With backbone	Without backbone	

For your knowledge,

The column of bones runs vertically downwards from the skull of animals is called the backbone or the vertebral column.







Animals with vertebral column are called vertebrates and those without a vertebral column are called invertebrates.

Activity 3

Classify following animals as vertebrates and invertebrates







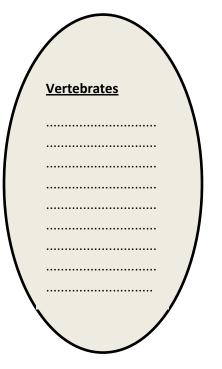


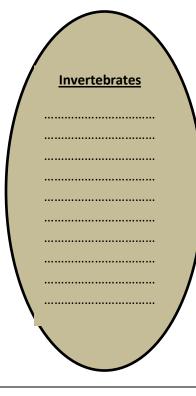
Vertebrates	Invertebrates	

1. A picture of a forest is given below. Classify the animals in it as vertebrates and invertebrates.



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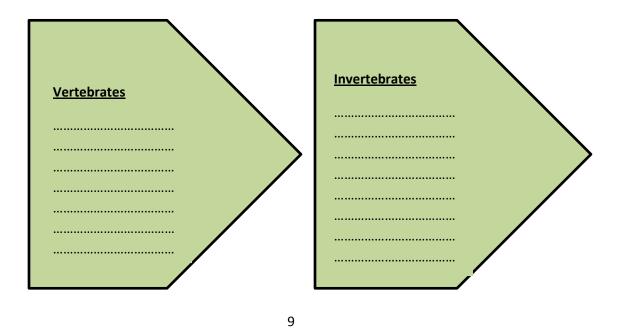


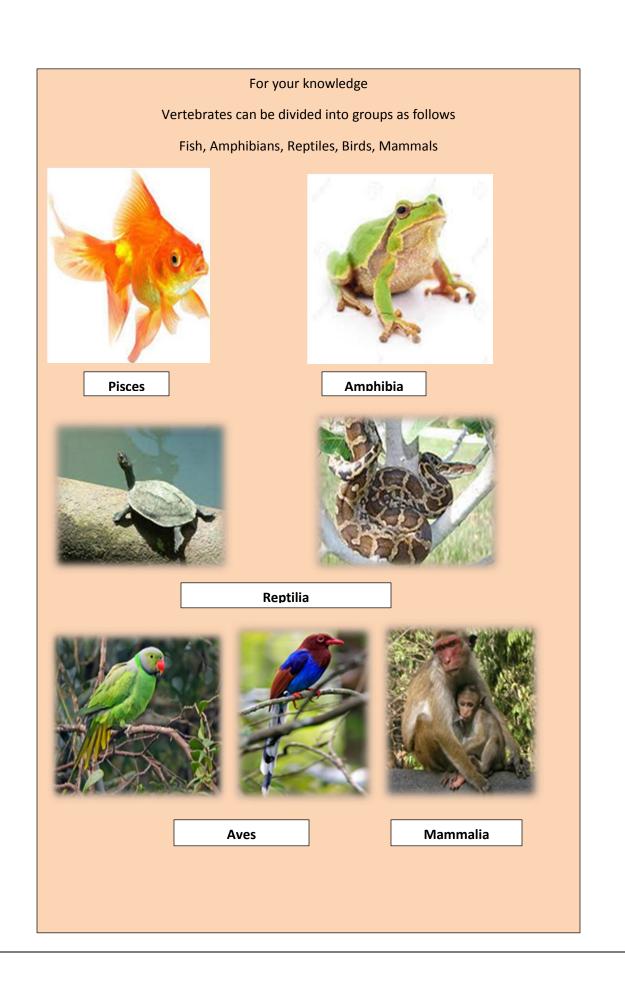
1. Scenery from the sea is given below. Classify the animals in it into vertebrates and invertebrates.



1. The picture given below shows some animals that inhabit in an ecosystem associated with a pond. Classify the animals in it as vertebrates and invertebrates.







- Let us identify adaptations that animals bear to suit the environment that they live.
- Tabulate the adaptations that the following animals bear for fulfilling their food requirements, surviving in habitats and ensuring their protection.



Tortoise



Grasshopper



Tiger



Porcupine







Cobra

	Fulfilling Food	Surviving in the	Ensuring their
Animal	Requirements	Habitat	Protection
Tortoise			
Tiger			
Grasshopper			
Porcupine			
Fish			
Cobra			

For your knowledge,

- ✓ The characteristics that the organisms bear in order to better suit the environment are known as Adaptations.
- ✓ Organisms show various adaptations to ensure their survival in the environment.
- Organisms bear different adaptations for fulfilling food requirements, surviving in the habitats and for their protection.

Activity 8

Write down the adaptations of following animals.

























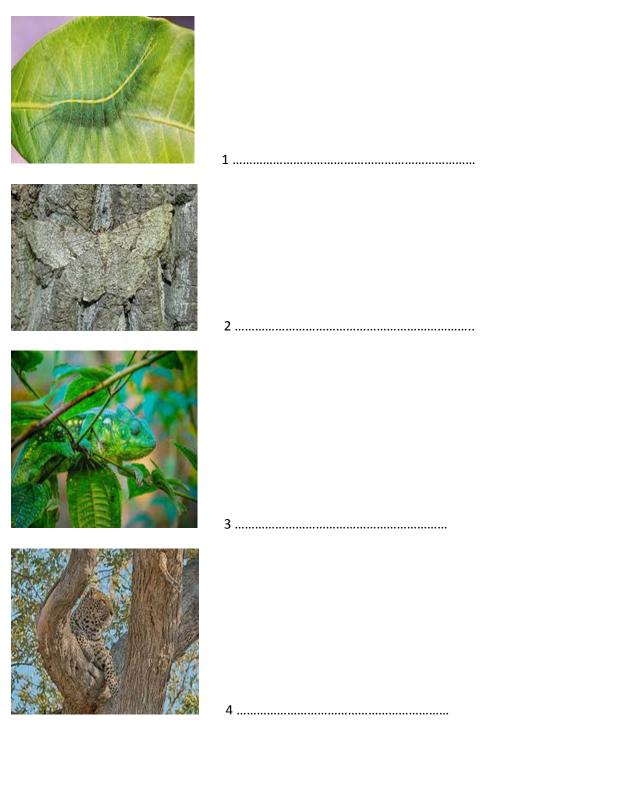
For your knowledge,

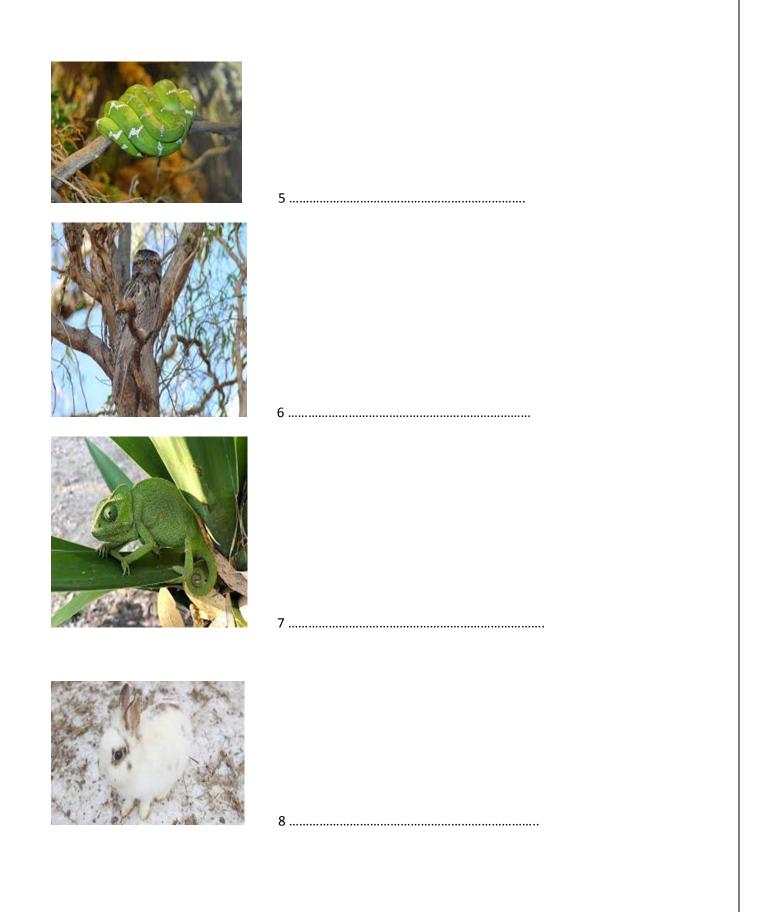
- ✓ When the body colour of animals is similar to that of the environment, it is difficult to separately identify the animals from the environment in which they live. This phenomenon is known as camouflage.
- ✓ Because of camouflage animals,
 - Can protect themselves from predators.
 - Can easily find their prey.
 - Can survive in the environment in spite of the changes take place in it.

Activity 9

1. You might have seen animals that show camouflage in your surroundings. Give examples for them.

2. Observe how the following animals have matched their body colour with the colour of the environment that they live. Identify the animals and describe how camouflage has become important to them in your own words.

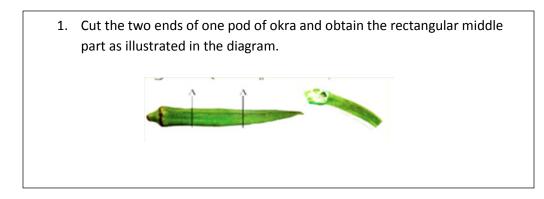




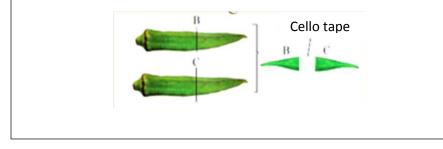
Observing the streamline shape of the body of some animals.

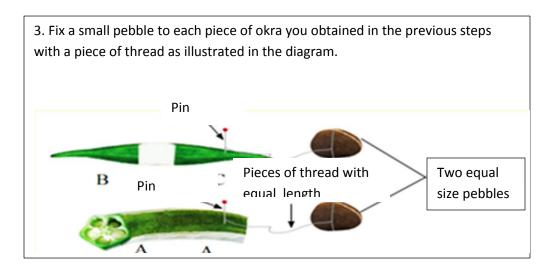
Things needed – 3 pods of okra, a knife, cello tape, a water tub or a tray

Method



2. Take the two remaining pods of okra and cut the tips of them as shown in the diagram and fix the two tips with a piece of cello tape.





4. Allow the two pieces of okra you obtained to float on water in the tray or the tub as illustrated in the diagram.



5. Note that the piece of okra with streamline shape floats forward faster than the other.

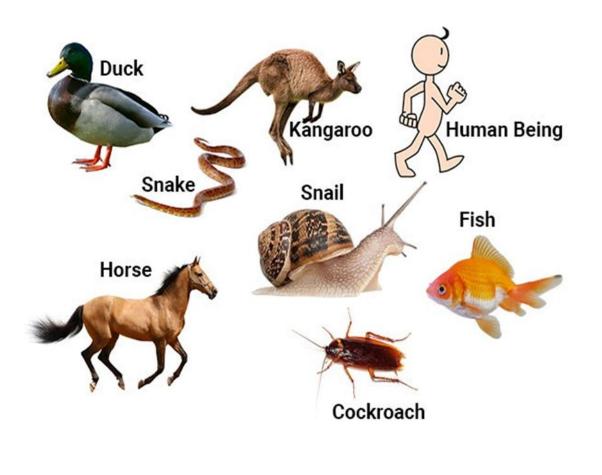


For your knowledge,

- ✓ When the shape of the body of organisms takes a streamline shape, locomotion becomes more efficient.
- ✓ Animals, that locomote in water or air, make use of the streamline body shape to overcome the resistance caused by the medium of locomotion.

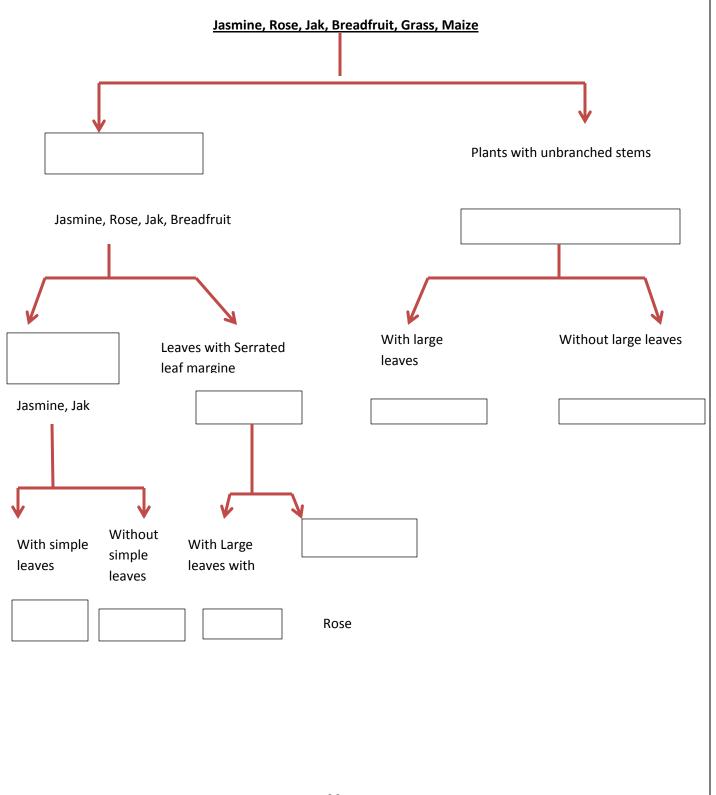


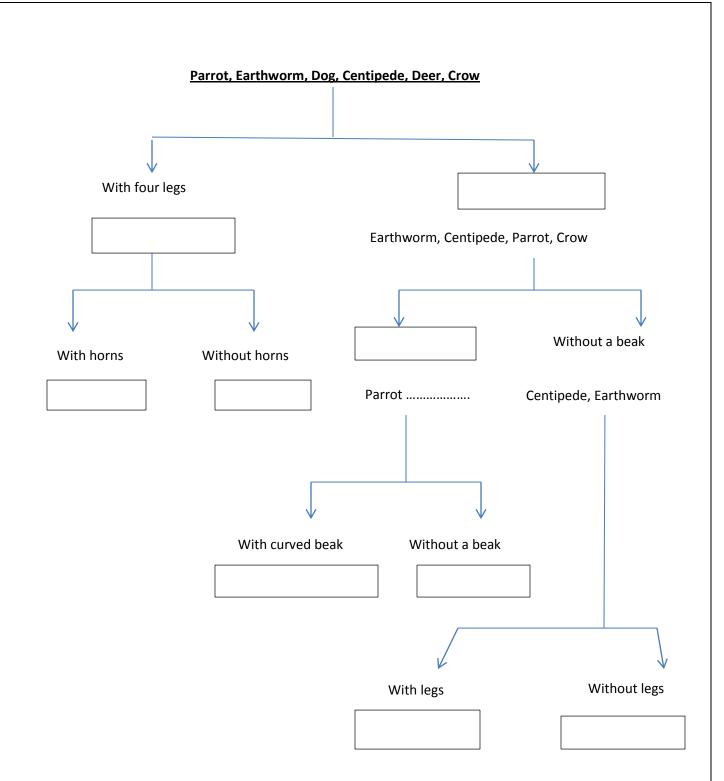
Which animals possess streamline body shape? Select from those given below.



Let us make dichotomous keys.

Complete the following dichotomous key.





• Prepare a dichotomous key including the animals that you can see in your home garden.

For your knowledge,
✓ Classification of organisms on the basis of presence or absence of a certain characteristic is known as a dichotomous key.

Summary

