

# Grade 9







# <u>Applications of Micro – organisms</u>

Activity : 1. Let's Identify our enimies that can't be seen

Materials necessary: Articles News Papers, Magazine, Internet facilities

Procedure

- Explore about following diseases using different information sources.
  - o Dengue, AIDS, Tuberculosis, Malaria
- Topics to be explored
  - Casuative agent (pathogen)
  - Disease vectors (spreading method)
  - o The method how pathogen enters into our body
  - Disease symptoms
  - o Number of annual deaths recorded due to the disease
  - Actions that can be taken / are taken to control spreading of the disease and to suppress the disease.
- Using collected information under each topic prepare a report about these diseases.
- Mark on a Sri Lanka map the areas where above diseases are spreaded widely

Activity : 2. Lets make unseen enimies friends

Materials necessary: Articles News Papers, Internet facilities

Procedure :

- Explore about following topics using different information sources.
  - o Beneficial effects of micro-organisms to man
    - Use of Gene Technology
    - Making compost
    - Producing anti biotic
    - Use of micro-organisms for industries
    - Production of bio gas
  - O Prepare an attractive booklet using information you found.
  - Prepare a power point presentation using above information



- Make a table that contain sources of information you used to find information.
  - Ex :- 1919 / Government information centre / hand bills of department of agriculture
  - www.biogas.co.ke / www.biogas.info.uk

Activity : 3. Let's make a rope using fibers.

Materials necessary: Coconut husk

### Procedure

- Soak some coconut husk in water for about week. (Take actions to prevent breeding of mosquitoes when soaking coconut husk in water)
- Beat coconust husks and separate fibres with guidance of adults.
- Try to beat and segregate fibres from coconut husk which were not soaked in water.
- Observe the nature of fibres obtained by both ways.
- Write a report on conviniences and inconvrniences you faced when obtaining fibres from both ways.
- Make a coir rope using dried coir fibres with the assistance of adults.
- Try to make few creations using ropes you made.

## Assignment : 1. Answer the following questions

- 1. Which method was easy, that you used to separate fibres by crushing coconut husk?
- 2. What is the group of micro-organism that growing in the coconut husk when it rotted in water
- 3. Briefly described the activity of that living organisms on coconut husk.
  - If there are coconut or any other plant fiber factories in your area, write and article about plant fiber productions by gain experience through field trip.





Activity : 4. Let's find information about COVID - 19

You will need : Articles, News papers, Magazine, leaflets from health

department, Radio and Television, Internet facility

Method : Prepare a booklet about new coronavirus disease by including

following informations

Scientific information about the virus

• Sympotms of disease

- Identification test for disease
- The way of spreading the disease
- High risk person of disease
- About corona disease spread in world
- The actions and rules that has taken to control the disease
- Informations related to corona disease spread in Sri lanka
- What can you do to prevent the spread of disease?

# Write the answers for following questions

- 1. (a) Name four beneficial effects of micro-organisms to human
  - (b) Write examples for eachother.
  - (c) State the reasons that why you should not take the antibiotics without medical advice
- 2. (a) State adverse effects of micro-organisms to human
  - (b) Covid 19 caused by a virus. State actions briefly that can be done to control it.
  - (c) State why it is important a vaccine to control the COVID 19
- 3. Bacteria and fungi are group of micro organisms. State the similarities and dissimilarities between bacteria and fungi.
- 4. There is a opinion, soil infertility is caused by adding chemical fertilizers and pesticides in overdose. State the way of cause soil infertility by affecting the microbial activity.