

# Science

Grade 9





Start Your Learning Journey with e-thaksalawa



### Grade 9 – Unit 15

#### **Simple Machines**

#### Science

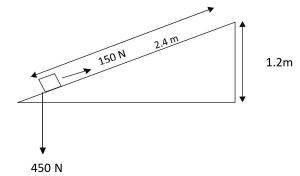
- 1. What is not a simple machine?
  - Nut-cracker
- Staircase
- iii. Pulley
- Car engine
- 2. A load of 48N can be lifted by applying an effort of 12N. The mechanical advantage of this is
  - i. 1
- ii. 2
- iii. 3
- iv 4

- 3. To calculate the efficiency of a machine
  - Work-output should be divided by work-input
  - ii. Work-input should be divided by work-output
  - iii. Distance travelled by effort should be divided by distance travelled by load
  - iv. Velocity ratio should be divided by mechanical advantage.
- The mechanical advantage of a single fixed pulley is
  - Less than one
- One
- Between I
- iv. two
- and 2
- 5. What is not an instance where inclined plane is used?
  - i. Wedge
- Screw nail ii
- Ladder
- Rotating iv.
  - handle

- 6. Select the false statement.
  - The windlass is a type of wheel and axel.
  - ii. The ratio of the radius of the wheel to the radius of the axel is equal to the velocity ratio of the machine with wheel and axel.
  - iii. The ratio of the radius of the axel to the radius of the wheel is equal to the velocity ratio of the machine with wheel.
  - iv. The device which is used to dismantle screws in tires is a machine that belongs to the type wheel and axel.
- 7. The answer with the same type of lever group is
  - i. See-saw, plier, nut- ii. Nut-cracker, cracker
    - wheelbarrow, plier

60%

- iii. Broom, ekle broom, fishing rod
- iv. Pair of scissors, fishing rod, ekle broom
- 8. The mechanical advantage of a machine is 3. Its velocity ratio is 4. What is the efficiency of the machine?
  - 75%
- ii.
- iii. 65%
- iv. 70%
- 9. The mechanical advantage and velocity ratio of the inclined plane shown below is
  - 3,2 iii. 4,3
- ii. iv.
- 2,3 2,4

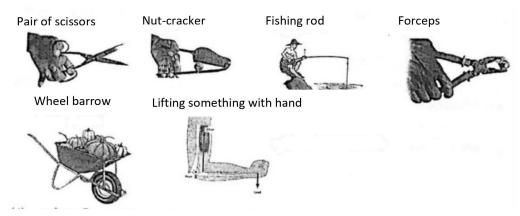




- 10. Select the correct statement.
  - i. When using third order lever, the effort is always higher than the load.
  - ii. When using a single pulley, a higher effort than the load should be applied.
  - iii. The force applied to a machine is the effort.
  - iv. A lower effort than the load should be applied when using the screw jack.

#### (01) i. What is a simple machine?

- ii. Name four types of simple machines.
- i. Name the types of lever shown in each of the pictures below.

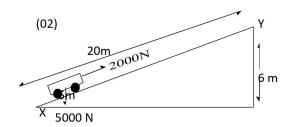


- Iv. Define the terms mechanical advantage and velocity ratio.
- v. Write an equation to show the relationship among mechanical advantage, velocity ratio Efficiency.
- vi. Complete the table.

	Load(N)	Effort(N)	Velocity ratio	Mechanical	Efficiency (%)
				advantage	
а	50	10	8		
b	400		12	8	
С	3000		8		75
d		250		20	40
e	4000			80	80

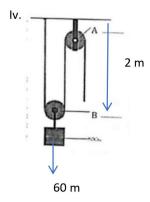
## Science Grade 9





A trolley of 500 N was towed from X to Y along an inclined plane by applying a force of 2000 N parallel to the plane as shown in the figure. The length of the plane was 20 m and the height was 6 m.

- i. Find the work-output of lifting the trolley.
- ii. Find the work-input of the people who pulled the rope used to pull the trolley.
- iii. Calculat
  - е
- a) Mechanical advantage
- b) Velocity ratio
- c) Efficiency of the system



- (a) Identify the stationary pulley and the moving pulley of the system shown in the figure.
- (b) What is the velocity ratio of this?
- (c) What is the mechanical advantage of this system of pulleys?
- (d) What is the advantage of using a pulley to draw water from a well?