

Science

Grade 9





Start Your Learning Journey with e-thaksalawa



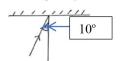
Grade 9 - Unit 14 Science

Reflection and Refraction of waves

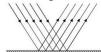
- 1. A characteristic of an image formed by a Plane mirror
- a. Real

b. Smaller

- c. Upright
- d. Image distance is longer than object distance.
- 2. The light ray that falls on a plane mirror at an angle of incidence of 10°

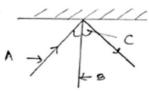


- a. Reflects back along the same path.
- b. Refracts.
- c. Travels parallel to the plane mirror.
- d. Reflects back at an angle of 10°.
- 3. The figure shows an occasion of reflection on a



- a. Plane mirror
- b. Tree
- c. Wall
- d. Book

4. A, B and C respectively are



- a. Angle of incidence, angle of refraction, normal line
- b. Normal line, angle of incidence, angle of refraction
- c. Angle of incidence, normal line, angle of refraction
- d. Angle of refraction, normal line, angle of incidence
- 5. The correct statement/s about methods for sound absorption
- 1. Making the celling porous 2. Making the walls rough 3. Hanging rough folded curtains
- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1,2,3 all

- 6. A phenomenon used in ultra sound scanning is
- a. Absorption
- b. Reflection
- c. Echo
- d. Resonance
- 7. Bats use these waves to defect obstacles at night
- a. Microwaves
- b. Infra- red waves
- c. Ultra violet waves
- d. Ultra sound waves

- 8. The light makes rainbow by
- Refraction and total internal reflection
- b. Reflection

Lateral inversion

d. Total internal reflection

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	ound of the speaker everberation	r's voice in son b. Echo	ne lecture halls cannot be C. Resonance	heard clearly due to d. Reflection
10. The minimum distance between the observer and the barrier to cause the echo				
a. 15.5 m			b. 16.5 m	
c. 17.5 m			d. 18.5 m	
	n when they were t What is the name	talking. e of this phenc	omenon?	problem with hearing their
iii.	Why does this phenomenon not occur in your home?			
B. The Bat uses reflection of sound to detect obstacles at night. i. What type of waves does the bat use for this? ii Write an instance where reflection of sound is used by the man.				
(02) A.			white light travels throug What are the colours A a	nd G? ere you see sunlight separating
Х	Y	1. √ ^Z 2.	Name the rays XO and Z Comment on the value o	
	a b	3.	b. Y	20

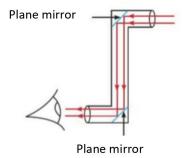


03.

- 1. Write two uses of plane mirrors.
 - 2. The device shown below can be used to observe various patterns of the things that are inserted (petals of a flower, plant leaves, and pieces of paper) into it. What is the name of this device?



 Name the apparatus shown below which is used from a bunker or submarine to observe the things that are out of sight.
 (01)

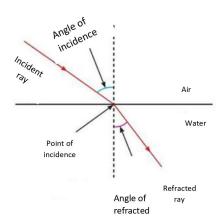


- 3. What is lateral inversion?
- 4. What is a real image?
- 5. What is a virtual image?
- 6. Write 2 characteristics of images formed by a plane mirror.
- 7. How many rays are sufficient to draw a ray diagram to show how an image is formed by a plane mirror?

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- 1. What is refraction?
- 2. The ray diagram below shows the way of refraction occurs when a light ray enters from air to water.

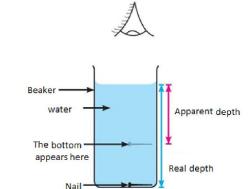


The way of refraction occurs when a light ray enter from air to water

Answer the questions based on the diagram.

- a) During refraction, the ray that is reaching the interface is theray.
- b) The ray that travels after refraction is theray.
- c) The perpendicular line drawn at the point of incidence is called......

03. An apparatus used to observe how the bottom of a beaker appears to be raised is shown below.



When observed from above, how do you find the position of the nail where it appears to be?

- 4. What is real depth?
- 3. What is apparent depth?

4. Explain why a pencil placed inside a glass of water appears to be broken at the surface of water?

