	L/2019/11/E-I, II ஒ © திதை எதீர்கி / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved]
	ເຊິ່ງ ແລະ ອັນນະ ອະດາບັລອອີກລຸຍ ຫຼື ແລະ ພື້ນແຜງ ເພື່ອມີ ອີກການ ເພື່ອມີ ເອົາມີ ເອັມມີ ເອົາມີ ເອັມມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອັມມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເອັມມີ ເອົາມີ ເອົາມີ ເ
	අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමාතා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2019 දෙසැම්බර් கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2019 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2019
	බුද්ධ ධර්මය I, II பௌத்தம் I, II Buddhism I, II
	පැය තුනයි ආණ්ඩු ගණින්නියාහාරා Three hours අමතර කියවීම් කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි ගෙහනිස வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள் Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes
	Use <b>additional reading time</b> to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.
	Buddhism I
	<ul> <li>(ii) In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) which is correct or most appropriate.</li> <li>(iii) Mark a cross (×) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.</li> <li>(iv) Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.</li> </ul>
1.	(IV) Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully. What is the name of the ascetic who attained eight mental absorptions (astasamāpatti) met by Bodhisattva Siddhārtha at time of his search for the truth (kim kusalagavesi)? (1) Bhaggava (2) Kāladevala
	(3) Ālārakālāma(4) Uddakarāmaputta
2.	<ul> <li>The statements such as "Ānanda the city of Rajagaha is delightful, Nigrodha is attractive, Coraprapāta is delightful," show</li> <li>(1) the places where the Buddha spent rainy season retreats (vassāvāsa).</li> <li>(2) the places of environmental beauty appreciated by the Buddha.</li> <li>(3) the places used for walking meditation.</li> <li>(4) the places rousing lust.</li> </ul>
3.	The quality reflected in the Buddha who helped Mattakundalī and Rajjumālā is(1) attendance to the sick.(2) helping the helpless.(3) tolerance.(4) akampya.
4.	Name the monk who followed the Buddha because he was attracted by the Buddha's handsomeness(1) Ven. Anuruddha.(2) Ven. Ānanda.(3) Ven. Dhammārāma.(4) Ven. Vakkalī.
5.	What is the Buddha's quality reflected in the two lines of the poem,"Rahasat Pav nokota – Kelesaryanut duru kota"?(1) Sammā sambuddha(2) Araham(3) Lokavidu(4) Sugata
6.	The Sangha who fulfils the practice required for the realization of Nirvāņa is,(1) supațipanna.(2) ujupațipanna.(3) ñāyapațipanna.(4) sāmīcipațipanna.
7.	What is the common term that conveys doctrinal points of the verse "dānam sīlam pariccāgam"?(1) Dasa rāja dharma(2) Dasa pāramitā(3) Dasa puņyakriyā(4) Dasa kusal

[see page two

OL/2019/11/E-I, II

- 2 -

8.	The quality of equanimous mind with no strong like or dislike towards an object or incident by a person is reflected in
	<ul> <li>(1) uppekkhā pāramitā.</li> <li>(2) mettā pāramitā.</li> <li>(3) kshanti pāramitā.</li> <li>(4) adhisţhāna pāramitā.</li> </ul>
9.	The sutta preached by the Buddha at the Sūkarakata cave of Gijjhakūța rock is(1) Ambațțha sutta.(2) Mahā Sīhanāda sutta.(3) Vedanā Parigraha sutta.(4) Soņadaņḍa sutta.
10.	The factor that does not belong to the duties (obligations) that should be performed by teacherto student as mentioned in the Sigālovāda sutta is(1) establishing in proper discipline.(2) giving proper education.(3) introducing to his friends.(4) refraining from pāpa.
11.	The Pattakamma sutta that shows how righteously earned the wealth should be consumed was preached by the Buddha to(1) Nobleman Ugga.(2) Nobleman Anāthapindika.(3) King Kosala.(4) Visākhā Upāsikā.
12.	<ul> <li>The meaning of 'devata bali' of the 'bali' concept as included in the 'Pattakamma' sutra is the (1) compulsory nature of performing animal sacrifices for gods.</li> <li>(2) being is created by a god.</li> <li>(3) god has been used for performing sacrifices.</li> <li>(4) merits should be transfered to gods by performing religious acts.</li> </ul>
13.	Listening to teachers reading texts and improving knowledge are mentioned in Dhamma as(1) cintāmaya pañña.(2) sutamaya pañña.(3) bhāvanāmaya pañña.(4) indriyamaya pañña.
14.	The doctrinal factor that helps one to cross the ocean of samsāra, shows it as a seed to be planted and contributes as the main doctrinal point to the path of liberation is (1) bhakti (2) saddhā (3) tapasa. (4) ottappa.
15.	Proper management of wealth maintaining a balance between one's earnings with consumption is known in the Vayagghapajja sutta as(1) uṭṭhāna sampadā.(2) ārakkha sampadā.(3) kalyāṇamittatā.(4) samajīvikatā.
16.	What is the path factor of the Noble eightfold path that discusses the fourfold effort related to prevention from akusala that has not arisen, destruction of akusala that has arisen, cultivation of kusala that has not arisen and development of kusala that has arisen?(1) Sammā vācā(2) Sammā kammanta(3) Sammā ājīva(4) Sammā vāyāma
17.	<ul> <li>Select the most suitable statement that conveys the meaning reflected in the dhamma guidelines mentioned in the suttas Mangala and Parābhava.</li> <li>(1) Guidance to thinking and inquiry is given.</li> <li>(2) Social groups that should receive obligations are shown.</li> <li>(3) Righteous ways of earning wealth are explained.</li> <li>(4) The factors that cause development and decline of this world and next-world are explained.</li> </ul>
18.	The factor that conduces to one's birth with long-life as preached by the Buddha to Todeyaputta Subha-mānavaka is (1) refrain from being jealous of others' success. (2) refrain from killing. (3) refrain from hatred. (4) refrain from conceit.

OL/2019/11/E-I, II

19.	"Vyāpāda' among the fivefold 'nīvarana d assimilated to	harma	s' which close the path of Nibbana has been			
	(1) water with mass.	$(\mathbf{n})$	unclear water.			
	(3) muddy water.	• •	boiling hot water with bubbles.			
20.	Mental and physical lethargy and laziness (s	sloth a	nd torpor) are nīvaraņa dhamma and it is known			
	<ul><li>(1) kāmacchanda.</li><li>(3) uaddhacca kukkucca.</li></ul>		thīnamiddha. vicikicchā.			
21.	<ol> <li>The person who engages in Samādhi meditation should perform the postures like sitting, standing, walking with awarness. This is known in dhamma as         <ol> <li>indriya samvara.</li> <li>sati sampajañña.</li> <li>vedānnuapassanā.</li> <li>kāyānupassanā.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>					
22.		to the lobha bleasar reach	benefits for the worldly life achieved through the appearance. the appearance of the			
23.	The statement "I am Sambuddha, I am the buddha	e grea	test surgeon" made by the Buddha reflects that			
	<ol> <li>(1) gave treatment to physical diseases.</li> <li>(2) performed surgical operations.</li> <li>(3) showed the path to freedom of mental</li> <li>(4) worked as an attendant.</li> </ol>	diseas	es.			
24.	Select the answer that contains the first of remorse such as "I did not practice dhamm (1) akkocchi mam avadhi mam – ajini mam (2) tamca kammam katam sādhu – yam ka (3) acaritvā brahacāriyam – aladdhā yobbam (4) sujīvam ahirikena – kākasūrena dhamsim	na in p ahā tvā nā e dha	si me inuttappati			
25.	<ul><li>Having wholesome thoughts of refrain from and hurting others is</li><li>(1) sammā diţţhi.</li><li>(3) sammā kammanta.</li></ul>	(2) s	old sensual pleasure, refrain from killing others sammā saṃkappa. sammā ājīva.			
26.	<ul> <li>The anuloma paţiccasamupāda teaching "Arist by paţisandhi citta" is</li> <li>(1) avijjā paccayā samkhārā.</li> <li>(3) viññāņa paccayā nāma rūpam.</li> </ul>	(2) s	the five aggregates (pancakkandha) is conditioned samkhāra paccayā viññaņam. nāma rūpa paccayā salayatanam.			
27.	an an ann a fha chùna an an fha saogha a		livelihood in the statement "anavajāni kammāni			
	<ol> <li>(1) agriculture - farming.</li> <li>(3) trading in animals.</li> </ol>		nimal husbandry – cattle rearing. government service.			
28.	The Dhammapada verse "dūramgamam eka" (1) nature of mind.		– asarīram guhāsayam" conveys the nature of body.			
	<ul><li>(1) hature of hind.</li><li>(3) nature of samkhāra dhamma.</li></ul>		nature of rūpa dhamma.			

OL/2019/11/E-I, II

<ul> <li>29. "Kālāmas, if you understand some day that this dhamm practiced this dhamma and observed this dhamma, you Buddhism the above statement explains is, (1) inquisitiveness.</li> <li>(2) truthfut (3) abiding by policies.</li> <li>(4) tactful tactf</li></ul>	ou abandon this dhamma". the quality in ness.
<ul> <li>30. What is the option that includes akusala that belongs to (1) pānatipāta, adinnādāna, kāmamicchācāra</li> <li>(2) pānatipāta, adinnādāna, musāvāda</li> <li>(3) pisunāvācā, pharusāvācā, samphappalāpā</li> <li>(4) abijjhā, vyāpāda, micchādiţthi.</li> </ul>	manokamma among dasa akusala kamma.
31. "Giving solutions to people's problems with warm-hearter the Dasarāja dharma as (1) sīla.(2) uprightness.(3) softnest	
<ul> <li>32. The author who composed a precious anthology titled alamkāraya" is</li> <li>(1) Ven. Totagamuwe Rahula.</li> <li>(2) Ven. Weedagama Maitreya.</li> <li>(3) Ven. Incumbent of Mayurapada pirivena.</li> <li>(4) Ven. Welivita Saranankara.</li> </ul>	"Kiyanuwa divāreya – Kerem buduguna
	eravāda Buddhist Councils are a and Kālāshoka. oka and Dharmashoka
	ten on the coper sheets, deposited in stone Buddhist Council. ka Buddhist Council.
<b>35.</b> The statement "Sinhalese, rise up, protect Buddhagaya"(1) humbleness.(2) bravery(3) non-violence.(4) abiding	-
<ul> <li>36. What is the sacred place where a painting that depicts if from heaven is found in the Pollonnaru period?</li> <li>(1) Hindagala Vihāra</li> <li>(2) Dimbul</li> <li>(3) Tivanka Pilimage</li> <li>(4) Medaw</li> </ul>	agala Cave temple
<ul> <li>37. An artistic masterpiece that depicts, artistic skills and the exof the Sri Lankan artists is <ul> <li>(1) Pațimāghara.</li> <li>(2) Cetiyaghara</li> <li>(3) Bodhig</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>38. Living that establishes one's identity respecting other relipsociety is.</li> <li>(1) patriotism.</li> <li>(2) equality.</li> <li>(3) coexistent</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>39. Five types of persons who eat food greedily are mentors one who vomits food taken and eats again is known at (1) āhāra hatthaka.</li> <li>(2) alamsāt (3) tatthavattaka.</li> <li>(4) bhūtavat</li> </ul>	s aka.
<ul> <li>40. The desire or craving for overenjoyment of sensual pleanext-world is known as (1) kāma tanhā.</li> <li>(2) bhava tanhā.</li> <li>(3) vibhava</li> </ul>	-

[see page five

L/2	<u>019/11/E-I, II</u> - 5 -
සියලු (	) திதைரி ஷூப்வி ] முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது ]All Rights Reserved]
	து மூலை செயல் கலைக்களம் இருக்கையில் இருந்துக்கும் இருக்குக்களம் இல்லிலைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம் குடல் குடல் குடல் இலங்கைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களமதிலங்கைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம் இல்லிலைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka De <b>இலங்கைப் பரிப்சைத் Sகிணைக்களம்</b> nt of Ex இருகை திரை கலைக்களம் இருக்கையில் பிரிப்சைத் S <mark>கிணைக்களம்</mark> nt of Ex இலங்கைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka கக்களம் தல்லைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka கக்களம் தல்லைப் பிடனாத் திணைக்களம்
	අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2019 දෙසැම්බර් கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2019 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2019
	බුද්ධ ධර්මය I, II பௌத்தம் I, II Buddhism I, II
	Buddhism II
	* Answer five questions only, including first one and four other questions.
	* The first question carries 20 marks and 10 marks each for other questions.
(i)	Write the Buddha's quality depicted in the Angulimaladamanaya.
	Name the two main meditation methods taught in Buddhism.
	Define in brief 'anavajja sukha'.
	Write two instances that show 'the quality of tādi' in the Buddha's Character.
	Write the meaning of the verse, 'Ye dhammā hetuppabhavā – tesam hetu tathāgato āha'.
	Name the <b>four</b> Sublime Abodes (cāttaro bramhavihārā).
(vii)	Name two Buddhist literature texts that belong to the Kurunegala period.
(viii)	Mention two results (effects) in 'pustakārūdha sangīti'.
(ix)	Write the names of the two rulers who built stupas, Abhayagiri and Jetavana in the Anuradhapur period.
(x)	Name the three unwholesome roots that pollute the mind as mentioned in Buddhism.
. (i)	Name two factors in Dasapāramitā.
(ii <del>)</del>	Explain one factor mentioned in the above (i).
(iii)	Explain how pāramitā contributes to building a righteous, friendly, Bodhisatta society.
(i)	Complete the Dhammapada verse, "attanāva katam pāpam – attanā samkilissati"
(ii)	Write the meaning of the above verse.
(iii)	Evaluate the guidelines provided by the Dhammapada for making student's life successful.
. (i)	Name two from the Four Noble Truths.
(ii)	Explain one truth mentioned in the above (i).
(iii)	Explain how the Four Noble Truths can be applied for solving problems faced by us in ou daily life.

5. (i) Name three main types of Buddha Statues according to postures. (ii) Explain with examples one type of Buddha Statues mentioned in the above (i). (iii) Show how Buddha statue sculpture depicts the Sri Lankans' sculptor skills. 6. (i) What are the factors that caused the first Buddhist Council? (ii) Name the place of this Buddhist Council, the royal supporter and the Arahant who chaired the Council. (iii) Explain the various actions (measures) taken at First Buddhist Council for the protection of Dhamma and Vinaya. 7. Write short notes on any two of the following. (i) The Great King Dutugemunu (ii) Uțțhāna Sampadā (iii) Tilakkhana (iv) Vațadāge \* \* \*