## WP/Samudradevi Balika Vidyalaya - Nugegoda

## 1st Term Evaluation - 2012

## History - I

Marks	3:

Grade II		
Name:		Time: 2 hour
P	ART.	-A
Answer all the questions		
• Underline the most suitable answer.		
(01) In which year did the English assign the M	aritim	e provinces of Sri Lanka from the Dutch
i. 1453	ii.	
iii. 1896	iv.	1796
(02) In which year did Sri Lanka became a cro	wn co	ony.
i. 1825		1802
iii. 1803		1806
03) Who was the governor that lived in Sri La	nka. V	Who did not like to work according to the
'Kew letter'		the did not like to work according to the
i. Thomas Vanir	ii.	Fun Euglebeck
iii. Jan Skruder		Jermidaniyar
(04) Dual control system prevailed in Sri Lanka	from	(M)
i. 1796 -1798	ji.	1798 – 1805
iii. 1805 – 1815	iv.	1798 – 1803
U P		
05) English followed the wester and ordinance		
i. Mathale		Wellassa
iii. Ethnic problems	iv.	The maritime provinces
06) Which of the following incident is not relev	ant aft	er going independence is 1948.
i. Having a post as the governor		Bicameral parliament
iii. Prime minister and cabinet ministers		Executive committee
07) Rubber cultivation was successful in		
i. Rathnapur, Kandy, Kalutara	ii	Kandy, Mathale, Kalutara
iii. Rathnapura, Kegalle, Kalutara		Kegalle, Mathale, Monaragala
08) In the way to the Democratic system the mo	ot in	content constitutional unforms which to all a
in Sri Lanka during the British Ruling period	ist mij. Lwae	ortant constitutional reform which took plan
i. Macalum		Donoughmor
iii. Colebrook		Soulberry
09) Places where the five great debates were co	unduct	ad respectively was
i.Baddegama, Galle, Varagoda Udamvita, F	laioan	ed respectively was,
ii.Pamadira, Gampaha, Varagoda, Udamvit		

iii. Baddegama, Panadura, Kaluthara, Raigama, Horana iv. Baddagama, Panadura, Kandy Galle, Matara (10) The first Aryan settlements were made wear the river valleyes of, i. Kalyani ii. Jajjara iii. Kadamba iv. Kirinda (11) The king who is titled as 'kalika'a Sahithya Sarvagna Panditha' was, i. Parakramabahu I ii. Parakramabahu II iii. Parakramabahu III iv. Parakramabahu IV (12) The famous pirivena which was established by Henry Steel Olkot was. i. Sunethradevi ii. Parama Dhamma Chethiya iii. Vidyalankara iv. Maliga Kanda (13) Who has constructed the world heritage 'Gall Fort', i. English ii. Dutch iii. French iv. Portuguese (14) The number of representative in the legislative ... in Manning constitutional referents in 1021 ii. 49 i. 37 iii. 21 iv. 61 (15) Who was the first educated Sri Lankan selected to the legislative council during the British ruling period, i. Ponnambalam Arunachalam ii. Ponnambalam Ramanathen iii. Sir James Pier s v. Arumuga Navalar (16) A. Torrington B. Arther Gorden C. Robert Brownrig D. William Gregory E, Appry Ward Group of governors who has contributed to up light the Traditional agriculture were, i. ABC ii. ACD iii. BDE iv. BCD (17) The leader of the labour movement was, i. S.A. Wickramasinghe ii. N. M, Perera iii. Peter Kenan iv. A. E. Gunasinghe (18) The closest reason for the second struggle of independence was, i. Appointing a Muslims ii. Uafair tax collecting iii. Loss of lands iv. Abolishing the Gamsabaha system (19) The answer we get by matching the leaders who are associated with the religious reawaikening

C.

Maha bodhi Society

Establishing Parama Vignartha Society

Establishing Pradeepd Newspura

Establishing Vargai Pennai School Conducting Panadura Debate

1. Henry steel Olcot

3. Arumugar Navalar

4. Siddi Lebbe

2. Anagarika Dharmapala

i. BCDE	i BADC	
iii ABCD	iv BCDE	
(20) Rubber research institute was establishe	dat,	
i. Kegalle	ii. Rathnapura	
iii. Agalawatta .	iv. Kalutara	
(21) The leader of the estate labour moveme	nt was.	
i. Arumuga Navalar	ii. Ponnambalm Arunachalam	
iii. Natesar Aiyar	iv. Ponnambalam Ramradan	
(22) 'Boro Budur' temple was at		
i. Berman	ii. India	1.0
iii. China	iv. Java	
(23) the first irrigation scheme (Govi Janapad	a Vivaparya) was	
i. Rajanganaya	ii. Kanthale	
iii. Kala weva	iv. Minneriya	
I	PART - B	
· Answer question No. 1 and 2 others.		
(01) A. mark the following places in the r	map of Sri Lanka.	
i. Mahathi intha	ii. Jajjara nadee	
iii. Colombo	iv. Galoya reservour	
v. Kajaragama	vi. Minipe dam	
vii. Vana valuni nadee	viii. Senkadagala	ku hiliye
ix. Lake (to ulu	x. Devinuwara	
D. Dake (to the	A. Devinawara	
B. Mark the following places in a world	map.	
i. Rome	ii. Cape of good hope	
iii. Koria	iv. River Sindu	
v. Konsthauthrinople	vi. Ferdias Bay	
vii. Boro Budur	viii. Peekin	
		(18 marks)
(02) Name the persons who are connected	with the following incidents	(10 marks)
A. First British governor.	with the following merdents.	
	W- D-W-1	1.5
B. The governor who was appointed by		
C. i.The British governor who was there in S struggles against the British in 1948	ri Lanka during the period which there w	ere was
ii. Write two reasons for the expansion of c	offee plantation in Sri Lanka	
iii.Describe in brief the services rendered l		
contributed to uplift the traditional agricu		
		T.
iv. Analyses the changes that took place in	i the Sri Lankan economy due to the	(10 1-)
plantations.		(18 marks)
	3	

<ul> <li>i. Write the constitutional reform and the year which is connected to the f</li> <li>A. Universal Franchise</li> <li>B. Appointing a prime minister for the first time</li> <li>C. Establishing legislative councils</li> </ul>	ollowing incidents.
	(03 marks)
ii. Write in brief two Colebrook reforms	(04 marks)
iii. Write a short description about the middle class which had immerged of	lue to
the westernization.	(05 marks)
iv. Who is the pioneer of the labour movement. Write the brief account ab	out the
labour movement.	(06 marks)
(04)	
i. Describe in brief what the 'Dual Control System'	(03 marks)
<ul><li>ii. Write information about the refuel of 1818.</li><li>a. Place</li></ul>	- 4
b. Leader	
c. Closest reason	
d. Result of war.	(03 marks)
iii. Describe the closest reason (200 more reasons further struggle of 1848	
	(05 marks)
iv. Write 2 main factors for the British to capture Sri Lanka	(06 marks)

(03)